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ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS  
BOX PATENT APPLICATION  
Washington, D.C. 20231



Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 CFR 1.53(b) is the  
[ ] patent application of  
[ X ] continuation patent application of  
[ ] divisional patent application of  
[ ] continuation-in-part patent application of

Inventor(s)/Applicant Identifier: William R. Murray Jr.

Stewart R. Carl  
Arthur H. Zarnowitz

For: COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE

- [ ] This application claims priority from each of the following Application Nos./filing dates:  
Serial No. 09/441,142 filed 11/12/99; Serial No. 08/138,634 filed 10/15/93 now U.S. Pat. 6,000,251; Serial No. 08/042,851 filed 4/5/93 now U.S. Pat. 5,381,685; Serial No. 07/824,964 filed 1/24/92 (abandoned) and Serial No. 08/006,311 filed 1/19/93 (abandoned).  
the disclosure(s) of which is (are) incorporated by reference.  
Please amend this application by adding the following before the first sentence: "This application is a [ ] continuation [ ] continuation-in-part of and claims the benefit of U.S. Application No. 60/\_\_\_\_\_, filed \_\_\_\_\_, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference."

Enclosed are:

- [X] 29 page(s) of specification  
[ ] 14 page(s) of claims  
[X] 1 page of Abstract  
[X] 21 sheet(s) of [ ] formal [ X ] informal drawing(s).  
[X] An assignment of the invention to ACCO Brands, Inc., was recorded in Application 08/138,634 at Reel/Frame 6807/0728  
A [ ] signed [ ] unsigned Declaration & Power of Attorney  
A [X] signed [ ] unsigned Declaration.  
[ ] A Power of Attorney.  
[ ] A verified statement to establish small entity status under 37 CFR 1.9 and 37 CFR 1.27 [ ] is enclosed [ ] was filed in the prior application and small entity status is still proper and desired.  
[ ] A certified copy of a \_\_\_\_\_ application.  
[ ] Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97.  
[ ] A petition to extend time to respond in the parent application.  
[ ] Notification of change of [ ] power of attorney [ ] correspondence address filed in prior application.  
[ ]

In view of the Unsigned Declaration as filed with this application and pursuant to 37 CFR §1.53(f),  
Applicant requests deferral of the filing fee until submission of the Missing Parts of Application.

DO NOT CHARGE THE FILING FEE AT THIS TIME.

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Attorney Docket No. 14572P-002863US

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By: 

**IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE**

In re application of:

William R. Murray, Jr., et al.

Art Unit:

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Application No.:

Filed:

For: COMPUTER PHYSICAL  
SECURITY DEVICE

Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination of the above-referenced application, please enter the following amendments and remarks.

**IN THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please amend the specification as follows:

At page 1, line 5, please delete the first paragraph and insert the following paragraph:

**-CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

This application is a continuation of U.S. Patent Application No. 09/441,142 filed November 12, 1999, which is a continuation of U.S. Patent Application No. 08/138,634 filed October 15, 1993 which is a continuation-in-part of Serial No. 08/042,851 filed April 5, 1993, (now U.S. Patent No. 5,381,685) which is a continuation of U.S. Patent Application No.

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07/824,964 filed January 24, 1992 (now abandoned) and a continuation-in-part of U.S. Patent Application No. 08/006,311 filed January 19, 1993 (now abandoned), the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.--

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 56-83 and add new claims 84-99 as follows:

1           56-83 CANCELLED

1           84. (NEW) A locking system, comprising:

2           a portable electronic computer having an external wall defining a security slot;

3           a housing including a slot engagement member having a slot engaging portion

4           provided with a locking member having a peripheral profile complementary to

5           preselected dimensions of said security slot which thereby permits said locking member

6           to extend into said security slot,

7           said slot engagement member being rotatable between an unlocked position

8           wherein said locking member is removable from said security slot, and a locked

9           position wherein said locking member is retained within said security slot;

10          a pin cooperatively coupled to said slot engagement member after said slot

11          engagement member is in said locked position to thereby inhibit rotation of said slot

12          engagement member to said unlocked position;

13          cable attachment means, coupled to said housing, for attaching a cable to said

14          housing; and

15          a cable, coupled to said cable attachment means, for securing said portable

16          electronic computer to an object other than to said housing.

1           85. (NEW) The system of claim 1 wherein said pin includes a first threaded

2           portion, complementary to a second threaded portion in an aperture in said housing.

1           86. (NEW) The system of claim 1 wherein said pin cooperates by extending

2           into said security slot.

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1           87. (NEW) The system of claim 1 wherein a first side of said housing abuts  
2           said external wall, and

3           wherein said housing includes a cavity and a second side opposite said first side  
4           that is open to access said cavity wherein said pin is insertable through said second side  
5           and into said cavity to cooperate with said slot engagement member to inhibit said  
6           rotation.

1           88. (NEW) The system of claim 4 wherein said pin includes a first threaded  
2           portion complementary to a second threaded portion in an aperture in said first side of  
3           said housing.

1           89. (NEW) The system of claim 1 wherein said housing includes sidewalls  
2           orthogonal to said first side wherein said sidewalls include opposing apertures to permit  
3           said cable to extend therethrough after cooperation of said pin with said slot  
4           engagement member to inhibit removal of said pin from said security slot.

1           90. (NEW) The system of claim 4 further comprising a locking structure  
2           adapted for insertion into said cavity, said locking structure incorporating said pin at a  
3           first end such that insertion of said locking structure into said cavity cooperates said pin  
4           with said slot engagement member through an aperture in said first side.

1           91. (NEW) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein said housing includes  
2           sidewalls orthogonal to said first side wherein said sidewalls include apertures and a  
3           second end of said spindle includes a transverse aperture collinear with said  
4           opposing apertures in said sidewalls, said opposing apertures and said transverse  
5           apertures permitting said cable to extend therethrough after cooperation of said pin with  
6           said slot engagement member to inhibit uncooperation of said pin and said slot  
7           engagement member.

1           92. (NEW) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said preselected dimensions  
2           are about three millimeters by about seven millimeters.

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- 1           93. (NEW) A locking system, comprising:  
2           a portable electronic device including an exterior wall defining a security slot;  
3           location fixing means for attaching to a first object other than to the portable  
4           electronic device;  
5           a housing, coupled to said location fixing means and proximate to said  
6           electronic device and including a slot engagement member having a slot engaging  
7           portion provided with a locking member having a peripheral profile complementary to  
8           preselected dimensions of said security slot to thereby permit said locking member to  
9           extend into said slot, said slot engagement member being rotatable between an  
10          unlocked position wherein said locking member is removable from the slot, and a  
11          locked position wherein  
12           locking member is retained within the slot; and  
13           a pin, coupled to said slot engagement member, for cooperating with said slot  
14           engagement member when said slot engagement member is in said locked position to  
15           thereby inhibit rotation of said slot engagement member to said unlocked position.
- 1           94. (NEW) The system of claim 10 wherein said preselected dimensions are  
2           about three millimeters by about seven millimeters.
- 1           95. (NEW) The system of claim 1 wherein said locking member is "T-  
2           shaped."
- 1           96. (NEW) The system of claim 10 wherein said locking member is "T-  
2           shaped."
- 1           97. (NEW) The system of claim 10 wherein said pin cooperates by extending  
2           into said security slot.
- 1           98. (NEW) A cable attachment system, comprising:  
2           a portable computer including an exterior wall provided with a security slot  
3           having dimensions of about three millimeters by about seven millimeters;

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4                   a locking structure, coupled to said cable, for attaching to said security slot, said  
5                   locking structure comprising:  
6                    a housing, adapted to abut said wall adjacent said security slot,  
7                    said housing including a slot engagement member having a slot engaging  
8                   portion provided with a locking member having a peripheral profile complementary to  
9                   said security slot to permit said locking member to extend into said security slot, said  
10                  slot engagement member being rotatable between an unlocked position wherein said  
11                  locking member is removable from said security slot, and a locked position wherein  
12                  said locking member is retained within said security slot; and  
13                  a pin coupled through said housing adjacent to said slot engagement member  
14                  and cooperating with said slot engagement member after said slot engagement member  
15                  is in said locked position to thereby inhibit rotation of said slot engagement member to  
16                  said unlocked position; and  
17                  a cable for securing said portable computer to an object other than to said  
18                  housing.

1                   99. (NEW) An attachment method, comprising:  
2                   abutting a housing proximate to a security slot defined in a wall of a portable  
3                   electronic device, said housing including a slot engagement member having a slot  
4                   engaging portion provided with a locking member having a peripheral profile  
5                   complementary to preselected dimensions of said security slot to thereby permit said  
6                   locking member to extend into said slot,  
7                   said slot engagement member being rotatable between an unlocked position  
8                   wherein said locking member is removable from the slot, and a locked position wherein  
9                   said locking member is retained with the slot;  
10                  extending said locking member into said security slot when said slot  
11                  engagement member is in said unlocked position;  
12                  rotating said slot engagement member into said locked position while said  
13                  locking member is in said security slot; and

14                   coupling a pin with said slot engagement member after said slot engagement  
15                   member is in said locked position to thereby inhibit rotation of said slot engagement  
16                   member to said unlocked position.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing, Applicants believe all claims now pending in this Application are in condition for allowance. The issuance of a formal Notice of Allowance at an early date is respectfully requested.

If the Examiner believes a telephone conference would expedite prosecution of this application, please telephone the undersigned at 415-576-0200.

Respectfully submitted,

  
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PATENT APPLICATION

COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE

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Assignee: Kensington Microware Limited

000290-6096000

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PATENT

Attorney Docket No. 14572-28-2-1

COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE

5 This application is a continuation-in-part of Serial  
No. 08/042,851, filed April 5, 1993, entitled COMPUTER PHYSICAL  
SECURITY DEVICE, which is a continuation of Serial No.  
07/824,964, filed January 24, 1992 (now abandoned), entitled  
10 COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE, and a continuation-in-part  
of Serial No. 08/006,311, filed January 19, 1993, entitled  
COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE, all the above applications  
are hereby expressly incorporated by reference for all  
purposes.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to devices for  
inhibiting the theft of relatively small but expensive pieces  
of equipment.

Computers have evolved rather rapidly from large,  
expensive machines usable only by a few, to relatively small,  
portable machines which are usable by many. In particular, the  
development of desk top computers with significant processing  
power has made computers available to the general population.  
It is now common for college and even high school students to  
25 have their own computer, and desk top computers are in wide  
spread use as word processors and work stations in almost all  
forms of business. Desk top computers are relatively small and  
easily transportable, and an undesirable side effect of their  
proliferation is the fact that the theft of such computers is a  
30 significant problem.

A variety of devices have been developed to inhibit  
the theft of desk top computers and similar equipment. Since  
desk top computer systems involve several components, typically  
including the computer itself, a separate monitor, keyboard and  
35 often a printer, such security systems often employ a cable  
which attaches each of the components to each other and to a  
relatively immovable object such as a desk. The principal  
difficulty in such systems is providing an effective and

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convenient method for attaching the cable itself to the equipment.

Kensington Microware Limited, assignee of this application, currently provides a security system which is especially designed for use with particular Apple computers. Certain Apple computer components have slots and internal brackets designed to capture a specially designed tab inserted through the slot so that the tab is not removable. While this system is effective for particular types of Apple computers, it does not work for those Apple computer components and other computer brands which do not have the special designed slots and brackets.

It is undesirable to require a computer to have specially designed slots and internal capture brackets because the brackets occupy a significant amount of space in an item of equipment which is intended to be as space efficient as possible. Different items of Apple equipment require different sized slots, meaning that the security mechanism must provide a variety of different sized tabs. The tabs, once inserted, cannot be removed without damage to the equipment, meaning that the security system cannot be moved from one computer to the other. Even Apple computers with specially designed slots are typically used with peripheral equipment which does not have them, and, the Kensington system provides screws requiring a special screwdriver which replace the screws used to attach the existing communication cables, securing the peripheral equipment to the base computer by preventing unauthorized removal of the communication cables. This last aspect of the system has a drawback in that the peripheral equipment cannot be removed from the base computer without the special screwdriver, which can be lost or misplaced.

Other vendors provide security systems which are not required to interface directly with special slots and capture mechanisms as provided in certain Apple computers. For example, Secure-It, Inc., under the trademark "KABLIT", provides a variety of brackets attached to the computer component using existing mounting screws, i.e., screws which are already used to secure items of equipment within the

cabinet. Typically, the bracket is apertured so that passage of the cable through the aperture prevents access to the mounting screw and thus prevents removal of the bracket from the equipment. A deficiency of this type of system is that it requires the removal of the existing mounting screw, which may cause some damage to the internal components of the computer. Suitable existing screws are not always available on certain peripherals for convenient attachment of the fastener. For this latter reason, KABLIT also provides glue-on disks which, unfortunately, are permanently secured to the equipment.

The theft of small but expensive equipment such as desk top computers is a growing problem. Existing devices are simply too inefficient or ineffective, or their application is too limited. As a result, the use of such security systems is rare, computer equipment is typically left unprotected, and it is all too often stolen.

#### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides apparatus which inhibits the theft of equipment such as personal computers. The equipment must have an external wall provided with a specially designed, approximately rectangular slot having preselected dimensions. An attachment mechanism includes a housing for a spindle having a first portion rotatable within the housing, a shaft extending outwardly from the housing, and a crossmember at the end of the shaft having peripheral dimensions closely conforming to the internal dimensions of the slot. An abutment mechanism also emanates from the housing, and is located on opposite sides of the shaft intermediate the housing and the crossmember. The peripheral cross-sectional dimensions of the abutment mechanism and the shaft in combination closely conform to the dimensions of the slot. The length of the shaft from the housing to the crossmember is approximately equal to the thickness of the external wall of equipment. The crossmember is aligned with the abutment mechanism so that the crossmember can be inserted through the slot with the shaft and the abutment mechanism occupying the slot. The spindle is then rotated 90° to misalign the

crossmember with the slot, thereby attaching the attachment mechanism rigidly to the external wall. A cable is secured to the housing and to an immovable object so that the equipment cannot be stolen.

5       The apparatus of the present invention is far more adaptable and convenient to use than existing systems. The only required modification of the equipment to be protected is a small (preferably about 3 by 7 millimeter) slot in an external wall. Additional brackets, capture mechanisms or the  
10 like are not necessary. This small slot can easily be molded into computer systems at essentially no cost and without degrading the integrity of the equipment. The attachment mechanism can readily be installed on the equipment, and removed when appropriate by an authorized user. In one embodiment, a key-operated attachment attaches a single item of equipment to an immovable object with the cable. In a second embodiment, the cable passes through mating apertures in the spindle and the housing of one or more attachment mechanisms to prevent their removal once they have been attached to the equipment and the cable has been installed.

20       The attachment mechanism of the present invention is surprisingly difficult to remove from an item of equipment once it has been installed. In the preferred embodiments, the mechanism is quite small, and it is difficult to apply sufficient leverage to break the mechanism away from the equipment to which it is attached. Forcibly removing the mechanism will result in significant, highly visible damage to the exterior wall, identifying the equipment as stolen and making it difficult to resell, greatly reducing its theft potential.

30       Several alternative embodiments of the invention are provided in which there are shown several different combinations of attachment mechanisms which are either integrally connected or separately coupled to engagement  
35 mechanisms for securing the attachment mechanism proximate the external wall of the object of equipment. Further embodiments of the invention provide an attachment mechanism that can be directly coupled to the external wall of the object of

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equipment without the need to provide a specially designed slot in the wall.

The novel features which are characteristic of the invention, as to organization and method of operation, together

5 with further objects and advantages thereof will be better understood from the following description considered in connection with the accompanying drawings in which a preferred embodiment of the invention is illustrated by way of example.

It is to be expressly understood, however, that the drawings are  
10 for the purpose of illustration and description only and are not intended as a definition of the limits of the invention.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a first embodiment of the present invention attached to a computer monitor;

Fig. 2 is a perspective view of a second embodiment of the present invention attached to a computer keyboard;

Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the attachment mechanism of the first embodiment;

Fig. 4 is an exploded view of the attachment mechanism of Fig. 3;

Fig. 5 is a fragmentary elevation view of a slot in a piece of equipment specially designed to accept the attachment mechanism of either embodiment of the present invention;

25 Fig. 6 is a section view taken along lines 6-6 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 7 is a section view taken along lines 7-7 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 8 is a fragmentary section view from inside an item of equipment illustrating insertion of a crossmember of the embodiment of Fig. 3 into the slot of Fig. 5;

Fig. 9 is a view similar to that of Fig. 8 with the crossmember misaligned;

30 Figs. 10A and B are elevation views illustrating the installation of the attachment mechanism of Fig. 3 on an item of equipment;

Fig. 11 is a perspective view of the attachment mechanism of the second embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 12 is an exploded view of the attachment mechanism of Fig. 10;

Figs. 13A and 13B are side elevation views illustrating the installation of the attachment mechanism of

Figs. 14 and 15 are side elevational views of alternative embodiments of an attachment mechanism and an engagement mechanism;

Figs. 16A and 16B are respective perspective views of another alternative embodiment of an attachment mechanism and an engagement mechanism of the invention;

Fig. 16C is a side elevational view of the attachment mechanism and the engagement mechanism of Figs. 16A and 16B assembled together proximate the external wall of an item of equipment;

Fig. 17A is a side elevational view of another embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 17B is a corresponding perspective view of the embodiment of Fig. 17A;

Fig. 18 is a side elevational view of a slightly modified version of the embodiment of Figs. 17A and 17B showing a threaded engagement between the spindle and the housing;

Fig. 19 is a perspective view of another slightly modified version of the embodiment of Figs. 17A and 17B showing a pin and pin hole engagement between the attachment mechanism and the external wall of an item of equipment;

Fig. 20 is a perspective view of another embodiment of the invention having two engagement portions;

Figs. 21A, 21B, and 21C are perspective views of component parts of another embodiment of the invention showing a separate attachment mechanism, housing, and engagement mechanism respectively:

Fig. 21D is perspective view of the embodiment of Figs. 21A, 21B, and 21C showing the three component parts in an assembled configuration:

Figs. 22A and 22B are perspective views of component parts of another embodiment of the invention showing an

engagement mechanism and a separate attachment mechanism respectively;

Fig. 22C is a side elevational view of the embodiment of Figs. 22A and 22B with the engagement mechanism coupled to the attachment mechanism;

Figs. 23A and 23B are perspective views of slightly modified version of the respective component parts of Figs. 22A and 22B;

Fig. 23C is a side elevational view of the embodiment of Figs. 23A and 23B with the attachment mechanism shown coupled to a slot in the external wall of an item of equipment;

Fig. 24A is a side elevational view of an attachment mechanism coupled to an engagement mechanism according to another embodiment of the invention;

Fig. 24B is a perspective view of the embodiment of Fig. 24A with the attachment mechanism and engagement mechanism shown coupled to a cable and a separate locking device;

Fig. 25A is a perspective view of the attachment mechanism of Figs. 24A and 24B which can be directly coupled to an external wall of an item of equipment;

Fig. 25B is a perspective view of another embodiment of the attachment mechanism of Figs. 24A and 24B which can be directly coupled to an external wall with the use of an adhesive;

Fig. 26 is another embodiment of an attachment mechanism which can be directly coupled to an external wall of an item of equipment;

Fig. 27A is a perspective view of another embodiment of the present invention with a conventional lock assembly and a retractable spindle;

Fig. 27B is a perspective view of the spindle and lock assembly of Fig. 27A showing the spindle in its retracted position;

Fig. 28 is a perspective view of a bracket assembly which can be used with the device of the embodiment of Fig. 20 to permanently lock the device to an item of equipment; and

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Fig. 29 is perspective view of another embodiment of the preferred embodiment including a base unit and an attachment unit.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

A first preferred embodiment 10 of the security device of the present invention is illustrated generally by way of reference to Fig. 1. Security device 10 includes an attachment mechanism 12 designed to attach to a component of a computer system, such as computer monitor 14. Attachment mechanism 12 has an aperture 16, and a cable 18 which passes through the aperture when the attachment mechanism 12 is attached to a component such as monitor 14. A lock 20 is fixed to one end of cable 18. The free end of cable 18 may be of the type having a "mushroom" head 22 adapted to penetrate and be secured within lock 20 using key 24. With mushroom head 22 detached from lock 20, cable 18 can be threaded through the apertures 16 of one or more attachment mechanisms 12, and wrapped around a relatively immovable object (not shown) such as the cross bar spanning two legs of a desk. Mushroom head 22 is then inserted into lock 20 and the lock closed using key 24 to secure the computer components to the immovable object.

A second embodiment 26 of the present invention, designed primarily to secure single rather than multiple items of computer equipment, is illustrated generally by way of reference to Fig. 2. Embodiment 26 includes an attachment mechanism 28 designed to be secured to a computer component such as keyboard 30. Attachment mechanism 28 is affixed to one end of a cable 32 which has a closed loop 34 at its other end. Cable 32 is first wrapped around a relatively immovable object, such as a cross piece between two legs of a desk or table, and attachment mechanism 28 is passed through loop 34 and attached to the item to be protected such as keyboard 30 to make it difficult to steal the item of equipment.

Attachment mechanism 12 of first embodiment 10 is illustrated in more detail by way of reference to Figs. 3 and 4 in combination. Mechanism 12 includes a housing 36 having a hollow interior cylindrical cavity 38. An annular plate 40

forms one end of housing 36 and has an aperture 41. A pair of apertures such as aperture 16 are located on opposite sides of housing 36. A small raised aperture 42 is also provided in housing 36 to accommodate a pin 44, as explained in more detail.

5 hereinafter.

A spindle 46 includes a cylindrical portion 48 adapted to fit within the cylindrical cavity of housing 36. Spindle 48 includes a raised plate 50 at one end which forms the aft end of the mechanism when assembled as illustrated in 10 Fig. 3. Spindle 46 also includes a shaft 52 extending outwardly through the aperture 41 in housing 36. A crossmember 54 is located on the distal end of shaft 52.

An abutment mechanism 56 includes an abutment plate 58 designed to be received within the cylindrical interior cavity of housing 36, and a pair of pins 60 adapted to extend outwardly through the aperture 41 in housing 36. A spring 62 biases abutment plate 58 and spindle 46 rearwardly when the mechanism is assembled, as illustrated in Fig. 3. A plastic bushing 64 designed to prevent scarring of the equipment to which mechanism 12 is attached is affixed to the plate 40 on housing 36 circumscribing aperture 41.

When mechanism 12 is assembled as illustrated in Fig. 3, crossmember 54 and shaft 52, together with pins 60 on either side of the shaft, extend outwardly beyond housing 46 through aperture 41. Pin 44 engages a groove 66 in spindle 46 so that the mechanism cannot be disassembled without removing the pin. The head of pin 44 is conformed to the shape of a boss 67 on the surface of housing 36 so that the pin cannot be removed without special equipment. Groove 66 has a preselected width 25 allowing limited axial movement of spindle 46 relative to housing 36 with pin 44 engaged so that the axial position of crossmember 54 relative to the housing is somewhat adjustable. Spring 62 biases plate 58 and spindle 46 rearwardly to bias crossmember 54 toward housing 36.

30 35 Groove 66 extends around about 25% of the periphery of spindle 46 so that the spindle can be rotated approximately 90° relative to the housing. A transverse aperture 68 through the cylindrical portion 48 of spindle 46 is aligned with

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aperture 16 in housing 36 when crossmember 54 is misaligned from pin 60 (see Fig. 4). With spindle 46 rotated 90°, as allowed by pin 44 in groove 68, crossmember 54 is aligned with pin 60, and aperture 68 is not aligned with aperture 16. Cable 18 (see Fig. 1) can only be inserted through the aligned apertures 16, 68 when crossmember 54 is misaligned with pins 60, i.e., when attachment mechanism 12 is attached to the piece of equipment, as explained hereinbelow. With cable 18 passing through aligned apertures 16 and 68, rotation of spindle 46 so as to align crossmember 54 with pins 60 and allow removal of the attachment mechanism is effectively prevented.

The preferred embodiments 10 and 26 of the present invention are designed to operate with items of equipment provided by a special slot, as illustrated in Fig. 5. The exterior wall 70 of the piece of equipment is typically made of sheet metal, or molded plastic, either of which is compatible with the present invention. A relatively small slot 72 is formed in wall 70, by molding or otherwise as appropriate. In the preferred embodiment of slot 72, the slot has a generally rectangular configuration, i.e., the slot is generally rectangular having long parallel sides 74, short parallel sides 75 and rounded corners 76. Slot 72 is relatively small, having a long dimension 78 of seven millimeters, and a short dimension 79 of three millimeters, in the preferred embodiment of the present invention. Corners 76 have a radius of curvature 90 from 0.30 mm. to a maximum of 1.5 millimeters. If the radius of curvature 90 is 1.5 mm., the short sides 75 disappear and the slot has a straight-sided oval configuration.

The peripheral dimensions of crossmember 54 are closely conformed to the interior dimensions of slot 72, as illustrated in Fig. 6. The crossmember 4 of attachment mechanism 12 has a straight-sided oval configuration, i.e., the crossmember is generally rectangular, having straight sides and semi-circular ends. In the preferred embodiment, the long dimension 82 of crossmember 54 is 6.75 millimeters, while the short dimension 83 is 2.75 millimeters, each being slightly less than the corresponding dimension of slot 72. As illustrated in Fig. 7, the peripheral dimensions of the pins 60

and shaft 52 also closely conform to the interior dimensions of slot 72. As with crossmember 54, pins 60 in shaft 52 have a long dimension 84 of 6.75 millimeters, and a short dimension 85 of 2.75 millimeters.

5 The insertion of crossmember 54 of attachment  
mechanism 12 into slot 72 of external wall 70 is illustrated by  
reference to Figs. 8 and 10A. Before insertion, spindle 46  
must be rotated so that crossmember 54 is aligned with pins 60,  
as illustrated in Fig. 3. With the spindle in this position,  
10 the periphery of crossmember 54 and that of pins 60 and shaft  
52 are essentially congruent. Since the peripheral dimension  
of crossmember 54 and pins 60 and shaft 52 in combination are  
less than the dimensions of slot 72, the crossmember can be  
inserted through the slot until crossmember 54 is completely  
inside wall 70 (see Fig. 10A). If necessary, the plate 50 on  
spindle 46 can be pressed to compress spring 62 so that  
crossmember 54 is completely inside wall 70.

As illustrated in Fig. 9, upon insertion of crossmember 54 completely through slot 72, the spindle is rotated by manipulating plate 50 so that crossmember 54 is 90° misaligned with respect to pins 60. The aperture 16 in the side wall of housing 36 will be aligned with the aperture 68 in the spindle, providing a passageway completely through the housing. In this configuration, cable 18 can easily be threaded through the aperture, and the presence of the cable prevents the spindle from being rotated back so as to disengage crossmember 54 from slot 72.

The attachment mechanism 28 of the second embodiment 26 of the present invention is illustrated in more detail by way of reference to the perspective view of Fig. 11 and the exploded view of Fig. 12. Attachment mechanism 28 includes a hollow shell 90 and a nose-piece 92 which, in combination, form a housing. Shell 90 has a hollow cylindrical interior cavity 94, and an integral apertured plate 96 at one end. A pin 98 is inserted through an aperture (not shown) in nose-piece 92 to engage a slot 102 in shell 90. Pin 98 is designed to shear when torque is applied to nose-piece 92 so that an unauthorized attempt to remove the attachment mechanism will simply shear

the pin and allow the nose-piece to freely rotate without degrading the attachment of the attachment mechanism to the component to be protected. Slot 102 is axially elongate so that limited axial movement is allowed between shell 90 and 5 nose-piece 92. The forward end of nose-piece 92 has a plate 93 having a central aperture 95.

A cylindrical collar 106 circumscribes the outer portion of shell 90 and occupies the slot laterally defined by plate 96 and the aft surface 108 of nose-piece 92. Collar 106 10 has an integral tab 110 with an aperture 112 adapted to receive one end of cable 32. Cable 32 is dead-ended into tab 110 and attached so that it cannot be removed.

A spindle 114 has a cylindrical portion 116 adapted to be received within a cylindrical lock 118 in shell 90. 15 Cylindrical lock 118 includes a front cylinder 119, and a back cylinder 120. A blunt pin or set screw 121 is inserted through an aperture 125 in shell 90, and through a corresponding aperture 123 in back cylinder 120, to lock the front cylinder rotationally with respect to shell 90. Correspondingly, pin or 20 set screw 127 engages a relatively smaller aperture 129 in front cylinder 119, and a widening 131 in slot 103 in the cylindrical portion 116 of spindle 114. Front cylinder 119 is thus fixed rotationally with respect to spindle 114.

As with conventional cylindrical locks, a plurality 25 of pins normally span the interface between front cylinder 119 and back cylinder 120 so that the cylinders are rotationally locked together, thus preventing relative rotation between locking shell 90 and spindle 114. However, a key 140 (see Fig. 13B) is insertable through the apertured plate 96 of shell 90 30 to engage front cylinder 119. The correct key will have bosses located to depress the pins passing between cylinders 119 and 120 so that such pins do not span the interface between the cylinders, allowing the cylinders to rotate with respect to one another. In this fashion, spindle 114 can be rotated with 35 respect to shell 90 only upon insertion and rotation of the appropriate key.

Spindle 114 also includes a shaft 122, and a crossmember 124 at the free end of the shaft. An abutment

mechanism 126 has an abutment plate 128 adapted to fit within nose-piece 92, and a pair of pins 130 adapted to extend outwardly through aperture 95. A spring 132 is located between abutment plate 128 and nose-piece 92 to bias the cylindrical portion 116 of spindle 114 and the abutment plate rearwardly. Abutment plate 126 has an elongate aperture 134 which allows crossmember 124 to extend through the aperture plate. A plastic bushing 136 is fixed to the surface of plate 93 so that the mechanism does not scar the equipment to which it is attached.

The insertion of attachment mechanism 28 into the exterior wall 137 of a piece of equipment is illustrated by way of reference to Figs. 13 A and B. Wall 136 has a slot 138, which is identical to the slot 72 illustrated in Fig. 8. The peripheral dimensions of crossmember 124, and also those of pins 130 and shaft 122 in combination, are identical to the corresponding parts in Figs. 6 and 7. Simply put, attachment mechanism 28 is designed to fit into the same slot as attachment mechanism 12.

As illustrated in Fig. 13A, crossmember 124 is aligned with pins 30 so that the crossmember can be inserted into slot 138. When fully inserted, the space in the slot is essentially occupied by pins 130 and shaft 122. If necessary, plate 96 can be depressed to push the cylindrical portion 116 of spindle 114 against spring 132. Once crossmember 124 has been fully inserted through slot 138, a key 140 engaging lock mechanism 118 (see Fig. 12) is used to rotate the spindle 90° and misalign crossmember 124 and slot 138.

In operation, both attachment mechanism 12 and attachment mechanism 28 are attached to an item of computer or other equipment which has a specially designed slot 72, 138. First, the crossmember 54, 124 is aligned with the pins 60, 130, for insertion to the crossmember through the slot. The spindle 46, 114 is then rotated relative to the housing to misalign the crossmember 54, 124 relative to the slot. The spindle is locked in this configuration by passing the cable 18 through the mating slot 16, 48 in the first embodiment, or using the key 140 in the second embodiment. Either way, the

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15  
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attachment mechanism is extremely difficult to disengage by anyone not having the appropriate key 24, 140. Any unauthorized attempt to remove the attachment mechanism from the computer component will most likely result in significant  
5 damage to the computer housing, making the computer difficult to resell and greatly reducing its theft potential.

Fig. 14 illustrates another embodiment of the invention. Security device 200 includes an attachment mechanism 201 designed to be attached to a portable object of equipment, such as a personal computer (not shown), having an external wall 250. Attachment mechanism 201 comprises a housing 202 which generally includes a top end 204, a bottom end 208, and a generally cylindrical side wall 206, which in combination define internal hollow cavity 210. Side wall 206 has a pair of apertures 212 which are aligned with one another and which are sized to allow a cable 242 to pass through the apertures. Top end 204 is provided with an opening 214 which extends to proximate bottom end 208 to provide access for screw 230 into cavity 210, as will be described in more detail hereinafter. A raised plate 218 having a threaded aperture 216 is provided in bottom end 208 of the housing to accommodate insertion of screw 230.

Integral with bottom end 208 of housing 202 is an engagement mechanism 220 which includes a generally cylindrical shaft 222 and a crossmember 224 attached to the shaft at the distal end of the shaft. As previously described with reference to prior embodiments of the invention, the peripheral dimensions of the crossmember conform closely to the internal dimensions of slot 252. The crossmember 224 is generally 25 rectangular, having straight sides and semi-circular ends, as 30 previously described.

To secure attachment mechanism 201 proximate external wall 250, housing 202 must first be rotated prior to insertion of screw 230 so that crossmember 224 is aligned with slot 252.  
35 Since the peripheral dimensions of crossmember 224 and shaft 222 are less than the dimensions of slot 252, crossmember 224 can be inserted through the slot until the crossmember is completely inside external wall 250, with shaft 222 occupying a

portion of slot 252. Housing 202 may then be rotated by grasping onto side wall 206 and turning housing 202 until crossmember 224 is 90 degrees misaligned with respect to the slot. In this position of the crossmember, screw 230 can be inserted through opening 214 in the housing and threaded into aperture 216 in raised plate 218 of the housing. With screw head 232 firmly pressed against the upper surface of plate 218, a length of the screw 234 external the housing will extend beyond the housing for a distance that is slightly greater than the thickness of external wall 250. Further, the peripheral dimension of the screw portion 234 and the shaft 222 in combination is slightly less than the dimensions of the slot. In this way, screw portion 234 and shaft 222 occupy slot 252 when the screw is threadably engaged with aperture 216 in the housing so as to prevent rotation of the housing relative to the external wall and thereby prevent disengagement of crossmember 224 from slot 252. In this configuration, cable 242 can easily be threaded through apertures 212 to secure the housing to an external object (not shown). Once the cable is inserted through apertures 212 in the housing, screw 230 cannot be removed.

Fig. 15 illustrates another embodiment of the invention which has a similar configuration to the embodiment of Fig. 14 except that a spindle 260 is used instead of a screw to prevent rotation of housing 202'. Spindle 260 includes a cylindrical portion 264 adapted to be rotatably mounted within the cylindrical cavity 210' of the housing. An aperture 268 is formed through cylindrical portion 264 and is sized to allow a cable (not shown) to pass through the aperture. Spindle 260 includes a raised plate 266 at a proximal end of the spindle which forms the aft end of the spindle. Spindle 260 also includes a pin member 270 extending outwardly through aperture 216' in housing 202'. The length of the pin member 272 external the housing is slightly greater than the thickness of external wall 250.

In operation, with the crossmember misaligned from the slot as described above with reference to the embodiment of Fig. 14, spindle 260 is positioned in the housing so that base

pin 270 is inserted through aperture 216' and into slot 252 proximate shaft 222'. The peripheral dimension of the shaft and the pin in combination is less than the dimension of the slot so that the pin and shaft occupy the slot with the 5 crossmember misaligned 90 degrees. In this position, spindle 260 is rotated by manipulating raised plate 266 so that apertures 212' in the side wall 206' of housing 202' will be aligned with aperture 268 in cylindrical portion 264 of the spindle, providing a passageway completely through the housing. 10 In this configuration, a cable (not shown) can easily be threaded through the apertures, and the presence of the cable prevents spindle 260 from being separated from the housing.

15 Figs. 16A, 16B and 16C illustrate another embodiment of the invention in which the attachment mechanism 300 is a separate component from the engagement mechanism 320. Attachment mechanism 300 comprises a housing 302 having a top end 304, a bottom end 308, spaced apart side walls 306, and a peripheral edge wall 309, as seen in an inverted configuration in Fig. 16A. Bottom end 308 includes a generally rectangular opening 310 which extends the length of the housing to closed top end 304. Opening 310 is configured to permit passage of engagement mechanism 320 into housing 302, as will be described in more detail hereinafter. Apertures 312 through side wall 306 are spatially coupled to opening 310 and are sized to allow 20 a cable (not shown) to pass through the apertures. Housing 302 also preferably includes first and second springs 316L and 316R mounted on either side of bottom end 308 of the housing which are used to adjust the relative position of the housing proximate the external wall 350, as best seen in Fig. 16C. 25 Housing 302 further includes first and second, spaced apart abutment plates 314L and 314R located on opposite sides of opening 310.

30 Engagement mechanism 320, which is configured to fit within housing 302 through opening 310, is shown by way of reference to Fig. 16B and generally includes a spindle 322. Spindle 322 has an upper portion 324 which includes aperture 326 sized to permit passage of a cable (not shown) through aperture 326. Connected to the distal end of upper portion 324

of the spindle is a shaft 328 which has generally rectangular crossmember 330 attached to the shaft at the distal end of the shaft. The dimensions of the crossmember conform closely to the dimensions of the slot 352, as previously described.

- 5 Engagement mechanism also preferably includes a spring 332 located around the periphery of shaft 328.

In operation, crossmember 330 is aligned with slot 352 and is inserted therein until crossmember 330 is completely inside external wall 350, as seen in Fig. 16C. If necessary, 10 the upper portion 324 of spindle 322 can be firmly pressed to compress spring 332 so that crossmember 330 is completely inside wall 350.

Upon insertion of crossmember 330 completely through slot 352, spindle 322 is rotated so that crossmember 330 is 90 degrees misaligned with slot 352. In this configuration, housing 302 is placed over the spindle 322, so that the spindle is received within opening 310 in the housing. Abutment plates 314L and 314R are inserted into the slot on both sides of shaft 328 extending from spindle 322. With the upper portion 324 of the spindle completely received within the housing, aperture 326 in spindle 322 will be aligned with apertures 312 in housing 302, providing a passageway completely through the housing. In this configuration, a cable (not shown) can be easily threaded through the apertures, and the presence of the 25 cable secures the spindle to the housing. As best seen in Fig. 16C, the peripheral dimension of the abutment plates 314L, 314R and shaft 328 of the spindle in combination closely conform to the dimensions of the slot and thereby occupy the slot. In this way, the housing is fixed relative to the spindle and 30 neither can be rotated back so as to disengage crossmember 330 from slot 352. Springs 316L, 316R are biased against the lower end of the housing to firmly secure housing 302 proximate the external wall 350.

Another embodiment of the invention is shown by way 35 of reference to Figs. 17A and 17B in which a spindle 420, a housing 402, and a spring 440 are assembled to operate as a single unit. Attachment mechanism 400 comprises housing 402 which generally includes top end 404, bottom end 406, and

cylindrical side wall 408, which in combination define internal cylindrical cavity 409. A cylindrical opening 412 in the top end 404 of the housing extends to proximate closed bottom end 406 of the housing and is configured to allow engagement  
5 mechanism 420 to be rotatably mounted within the housing. Side wall 408 has a pair of apertures 410 which are sized to allow passage of a cable (not shown) through the apertures. Attached to bottom end 406 of the housing are two abutment plates 414L and 414R which are spaced apart from aperture 416 in bottom end  
10 406 and which are adapted to be inserted into slot 452 in external wall 450 (See Fig. 17B).

Spindle 420 includes a cylindrical portion 424 rotatably mounted within the cylindrical cavity 409 of housing 402. Spindle 420 includes a raised plate 423 at one end which forms the aft end of the spindle. Spindle 420 also includes a shaft 428 extending outwardly through aperture 416 in housing 402. A crossmember 430 is located at the distal end of shaft 428. Aperture 426 through cylindrical portion 424 of the spindle 420 is sized to allow a cable (not shown) to pass through aperture 426. A spring 440 is located at the distal end of cylindrical portion 424 of the spindle and biases the spindle away from the bottom end of housing 402 so that crossmember 430 will firmly engage the inner surface of external wall 450, as will now be described.

When the apparatus is assembled as illustrated in Fig. 17A, crossmember 430 and shaft 428, together with abutment plates 414L and 414R on either side of the shaft, extend outwardly beyond the bottom end 406 of housing 402. Prior to insertion of crossmember 430 into slot 452, spindle 420 must be rotated via raised plate 423 so that crossmember 430 is aligned with slot 452, as seen in Fig. 17B. With the spindle in this position, the crossmember can be inserted through the slot as previously discussed. If necessary, plate 423 can be pressed to compress spring 440 so that crossmember 430 is completely inside wall 450. In this position of the crossmember, shaft 428 and abutment plates 414L, 414R occupy the slot to prevent rotation of the housing relative to external wall 450.

Upon insertion of crossmember 430 completely through slot 452, the spindle is rotated by manipulating plate 423 so that crossmember 430 is 90 degrees misaligned with slot 452. Side wall 408 of housing 402 preferably includes at least one small hole 411 on either side of the housing through which a pin 460 engages a groove (not shown) in the cylindrical portion 424 of the spindle, the groove extending around about 25% of the periphery of cylindrical portion 424 so that the spindle can be rotated substantially only 90 degrees relative to the housing. With the crossmember misaligned from the slot, apertures 410 in the side wall of housing 402 will be aligned with aperture 426 in the spindle providing a passageway completely through the housing. In this configuration, a cable (not shown) can easily be threaded through the aligned apertures, and the presence of the cable prevents the spindle from being rotated back so as to disengage crossmember 430 from slot 452.

The embodiment of Figs. 17A and 17B can be slightly modified to provide a threaded cylindrical portion 424' of the spindle 420', as seen in Fig. 18. In this embodiment, the internal peripheral surface 413 of side wall 408' is also threaded so that the cylindrical portion 424' engages threaded surface 413. This engagement variation between spindle 420' and housing 402' can be used instead of spring 440 in Fig. 17A to adjust the relative lateral displacement between the spindle and the housing.

Fig. 19 illustrates another alternative embodiment of a housing 402" which is used to prevent rotation of the housing relative to the external wall 450 when the crossmember is misaligned with the slot. In this embodiment, pins 472 are mounted to the outer surface of the external wall on either side of slot 452 and engage pin holes 470 located on opposite sides of shaft 428" to prevent rotation of the housing relative to external wall 450 when crossmember 430" is located completely within slot 452 and is misaligned from the slot.

Other embodiments of the invention are described with reference to Figs. 20-23 wherein the engagement mechanism includes at least two engagement portions for engaging with the

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inner surface of the external wall proximate the slot to prevent removal of the attachment mechanism from proximate the external wall. In Fig. 20, a single body device 500 is shown mounted proximate external wall 550 which generally includes an  
5 attachment mechanism 501 comprising attachment member 502. Attachment member 502 broadly includes a closed top end 504, a bottom end 506, an outer peripheral edge wall 509, and spaced apart side walls 508. Side walls 508 have an aperture 510 therethrough which is sized to permit a cable (not shown) to  
10 pass through the aperture.

Engagement mechanism 520 is integral with bottom end 506 of attachment member 502 and generally includes engagement member 522. Engagement member 522 is preferably made from a resilient plastic material as is conventional in the art so that it can bend inward to fit within slot 552 and then spread back to a position within the slot in which engagement portion 524 engages the inner surface of external wall 550 proximate the slot. Engagement member 522 includes a shaft 528 and a base portion 524 connected to the distal end of shaft 528.  
15 Base portion 524 includes spaced apart side walls 526L, 526R on opposite sides of base portion 524. Side walls 526L, 526R are inwardly angled so as to facilitate access into slot 552.

To utilize device 500, a user firmly grasps side walls 508 of attachment member 502 and pushes downwardly so  
25 that side walls 526L, 526R of base portion 524 will engage slot 552 and bend slightly inward to fit within the slot. Once the base portion 524 of the engagement member is within the slot, with the shaft 528 occupying the slot, resilient side walls 526L, 526R will flex back to their natural configuration to  
30 thereby engage the inner surface of external wall 550 proximate the slot. In this configuration, the housing will be prevented from moving relative to the external wall. A cable (not shown) may then be inserted through aperture 510 to secure the attachment mechanism 501 to an immovable object (not shown).

35 Device 500 can also be used with the bracket assembly 560 of Fig. 28 as an alternative means to firmly secure device 500 proximate an external wall of an item of equipment. Bracket assembly 560 generally includes first and second,

spaced apart resilient arms 562R and 562L on either side of the assembly having first and second, inwardly angled flanges 564R, 564L at the distal end of the arms. A pair of brackets 566 and 568 form the front and back end of assembly 560 and are used to 5 guide device 500 into the bracket assembly. Bracket 568 has a rear flange 570 at the distal end of bracket 568 which forms a rear stop for device 500 when inserted into the bracket assembly 560.

In operation, base portion 524 of device 500 is 10 inserted into bracket assembly 560 until side walls 526L, 526R engage with flanges 564L, 564R respectively. By applying sufficient downward force on device 500, side walls 526L and 526R will cause flanges 564L and 564R to flex apart slightly so as to permit movement of base portion 524 past the flanges. 15 Movement of device 500 is subsequently limited by engagement of the bottom of base 524 with rear flange 570. In this position, removal of device is prevented by engagement of the upper surface of base 524 with the lower surfaces of flanges 564R and 564L.

Figs. 21A, 21B, 21C and 21D illustrate another embodiment of the invention 600 including three separate components, an attachment mechanism 602 (see Fig. 21A), a housing 620 (see Fig. 21B), and a separate engagement mechanism 640 (see Fig. 21C). Attachment mechanism 602 includes 25 attachment member 603 shown in an inverted position in Fig. 21A. Attachment member 603 generally includes a top end 604, a bottom end 606, spaced apart side walls 608, and a peripheral edge wall 609. An aperture 610 is provided through side walls 608 and is sized to permit passage of a cable (not shown) 30 through aperture 610. Base portion 612 is integrally connected to attachment member 603 proximate bottom end 606 of the attachment member. A retaining flange 614 is provided proximate top end 604 to retain attachment member 603 within housing 620, as will be described in more detail hereinafter.

Housing 620 is shown by way of reference to Fig. 21B 35 and generally includes a top wall 622, a bottom wall 624, and four separate spaced apart side walls including a front end 626 and a back end 628. A pair of substantially rectangular

openings 632 are provided through both top wall 622 and bottom wall 624 of the housing and are configured to allow passage of the attachment member 603 through openings 632. A separate, generally rectangular aperture 630 is provided in front end 626 of housing 620 and extends the length of the housing to the closed back end 628. Aperture 630 is configured to permit passage of engagement mechanism 640 into the aperture, as will be described in more detail hereinafter. Bottom wall 624 is also provided with a pin hole 636 proximate front end 626 which is sized to receive a retaining pin 634 therein. The housing is preferably made from cast metal, but any other suitable material may be used.

Engagement mechanism 640 is shown by way of reference to Fig. 21C and includes an engagement member 642. Engagement member 642 includes first and second, spaced apart engagement arms 646L, 646R which have first and second engagement portions 648L, 648R integrally connected to the arms at the distal end of arms 646L, 646R. A transverse member 644 connects the two engagements arms 646L, 646R together at the proximal end of the arms and defines an abutment surface 645 located towards the distal end of transverse member 644. Engagement arms 646L, 646R and transverse member 644 in combination define clearance space 649 which is sized to permit passage of attachment member 603 through clearance space 649, as will now be described.

To assemble device 600 prior to securing the device proximate external wall 650, engagement member 642 is initially inserted into rectangular aperture 630 in housing 620 until transverse member 644 abuts against back end 628 of the housing. Retaining pin 634 is subsequently inserted into pin hole 636 in the housing and secured thereto so that engagement member 642 cannot be removed from the housing without removing the pin. Attachment member 603 is then inserted into rectangular openings 632 in the housing and through clearance space 649 of the engagement member so that the attachment member extends outwardly through opening 632 in bottom wall 624 of the housing. Base portion 612 of the attachment member engages the upper surface of top wall 622 of the housing to prevent passage of attachment member 603 completely through

housing 620. Retaining flange 614 prevents attachment member 603 from being separated from the housing. Further, abutment surface 645 of transverse member 644 engages with attachment member 603 to secure engagement member 642 to attachment member

5 603.

When device 600 is assembled as illustrated in Fig. 21D, engagement portions 648L, 648R and a lower portion of engagement arms 646L, 646R extend outwardly beyond front end 626 of housing 620. In this configuration, engagement portions 10 648L, 648R may be pressed firmly against slot 652 until the engagement portions bend sufficiently inward to fit within slot 652. The inwardly sloped peripheral dimensions of the engagement portions permit easier access into slot 652. Upon insertion of engagement portions 648L, 648R completely within the slot, with a portion of the engagement arms 646L, 646R occupying the slot, the arms will spread back to their natural configuration and thereby engage the internal surface of the external wall 650 proximate slot 652 to secure the device 600 proximate the external wall. A cable (not shown) can then be 20 inserted through aperture 610 in attachment member 603, and the presence of the cable prevents the attachment member 603 from moving relative to housing 620.

25 Figs. 22A, 22B, and 22C depict another embodiment of the invention, device 700, in which there are two major component parts, attachment mechanism 701 and engagement mechanism 720.

Attachment mechanism 701 of Fig. 22B generally includes an attachment member 702 having a closed top end 704, a bottom end 706, a peripheral edge wall 709, and spaced apart 30 side walls 708. An aperture 710 is provided through side walls 708 and is sized to permit a cable to pass through aperture 710. A generally rectangular opening 712 is further provided in bottom end 706 of attachment member 702 and extends the length of the attachment member to closed top end 704. Opening 35 712 is configured to accommodate passage of the engagement mechanism 720 into opening 712, as will be described in more detail hereinafter.

Engagement mechanism 720 is shown by way of reference to Fig. 22A and generally includes engagement member 722 having first and second, spaced apart engagement arms 724L and 724R connected at the proximal end of engagement member 702 and defining a clearance space 725 between the arms sized large enough to permit a cable to pass through clearance space 725. Abutment surface 730 is located adjacent the proximal end of the engagement arms. Engagement portions 726L, 726R are integral with engagement arms 724L, 724R at the distal end of the arms. A pair of grooves 728 is provided in engagement portions 726L, 726R, with the length of the groove being substantially equal to the thickness of external wall 750 (See Fig. 22C). Engagement member 722 is preferably injection molded and made from a plastic material to enhance its resiliency. However, it is to be noted that the engagement member may be made from other materials, such as metal, provided that the material is sufficiently resilient to allow engagement arms 724L, 724R to be bent inward sufficiently far enough to allow engagement portions 726L, 726R to be inserted into slot 752.

To utilize device 700, engagement arms 724L, 724R are pressed towards one another so that engagement portions 726L, 726R are positioned sufficiently close to one another to allow the engagement portions to be inserted into slot 752. As seen in Fig. 22C, grooves 728 engage with external wall 750 when engagement portions 726L, 726R are within slot 752 and have spread back to their natural configuration. In this way, engagement member 722 is firmly secured to external wall 750. Subsequently, attachment member 702 is positioned over engagement member 722 until clearance space 725 is aligned with aperture 710 in the housing. In this configuration, a cable 740 can easily be threaded through aperture 710 in the housing and clearance space 725, and the presence of the cable 740 prevents attachment member 702 from being separated from engagement member 722.

Figs. 23A, 23B, and 23C illustrate a slightly modified version of the embodiment of Figs. 22A, 22B, and 22C. In this embodiment, housing 702' preferably includes a

retaining pin hole 714. Engagement mechanism 720' is also slightly modified to include a retaining pin 734 which engages with pin hole 714 proximate bottom end 706' of housing 702' to prevent engagement member 722' from being separated from  
5 housing 702' prior to insertion of a cable (not shown). Side walls 732L, 732R forming part of alternative engagement portions 726L', 726R' will spread back to their natural configuration once inserted into slot 752 to thereby engage the inner surface of external wall 750 proximate the slot to affix  
10 the engagement member to the external wall. Engagement member 722' of Figs. 23A and 23C is adapted to engage with a slot having substantially smaller peripheral dimensions than the slot necessary to engage with engagement member 722 of Fig. 22A.

15 Figs. 24A and 24B illustrate another embodiment of the invention 800 in which there are also substantially only two component parts, an attachment mechanism 801 and an engagement mechanism 820. Attachment mechanism 801, shown by way of reference to Fig. 24A, generally includes an attachment member 802 having a top end 804, a bottom end 806, and a cylindrical side wall 808. A pair of apertures 810 are provided through side wall 808 and are sized to permit a cable 840 to pass through apertures 810 (See Fig. 24B). A generally cylindrical opening 812 is further provided in top end 804 of  
20 attachment member 802 and extends the length of the attachment member to a substantially smaller screw opening 814 in bottom end 806 of the attachment member. Opening 812 is configured to accommodate passage of screw 816 through opening 812 to bottom end 806 of the attachment member, as will be described in more  
25 detail hereinafter.

30 Engagement mechanism 820 is used in conjunction with attachment member 802, as is also illustrated in Fig. 24A. Engagement mechanism 820 generally includes engagement member 822 having first and second, spaced apart engagement arms 824L and 824R connected to base portion 830 at the proximal end of engagement member 822 and defining a clearance space 825 between the arms sized large enough to permit screw 816 to pass through clearance space 825. Base portion 830 has a top

surface 833 and a bottom surface 831 and is provided with a screw hole 832 through the surfaces. Engagement portions 826L, 826R are integral with engagement arms 824L, 826R at the distal end of the arms. In the preferred embodiment of device 800,

- 5 engagement portions 826L, 826R have inwardly sloped side walls  
which facilitate insertion of the engagement portions into slot  
852, as previously described.

In operation, engagement portions 826L, 826R are inserted into slot 852 until lower surface 831 of base portion 830 engages the outer surface of external wall 850. In this position of engagement member 822, attachment member 802 is positioned proximate upper surface 833 of base portion 830 until screw hole 832 is aligned with opening 814 in the attachment member. Screw 816 is then inserted through each of opening 812 in the attachment member, opening 814 at the bottom end 806 of the housing, hole 832 in base portion 830, and clearance space 825. The screw will force engagement arms 824L, 824R to spread apart so that engagement portions 826L, 826R will engage the inner surface of external wall 850 proximate slot 852. In this configuration, cable 840 (See Fig. 24B) can be threaded through apertures 810 in the attachment member and attached to an external object, such as lock 860, to secure the attachment member to the lock. The cable will also prevent removal of screw 816.

- 25 It is to be understood that an attachment member 802' can be used independently of engagement mechanism 820 provided that an appropriate screw hole or screw insert is provided in the external wall (not shown) sized to permit screw 816' to engage with the hole (or insert), as is apparent from Fig. 25A.

30 Further, an attachment member 802" may also be secured to an external wall by any other suitable engagement means, as for example providing a double-sided adhesive pad 870 for engaging both the bottom end of the attachment member 802" and the outer surface of the wall (not shown), as seen in Fig. 25B.

In still another embodiment of the same device 800, attachment member 802'' can be hingably connected to a base portion 818 having a screw hole 814'' so that the attachment member 802'' will swing away from the external wall when not in

use, as seen in Fig. 26. In this embodiment, base portion 818 may be secured proximate the external wall of an item of equipment via screw 816" and a threaded insert 819.

The attachment mechanism concept of Figs. 24A and 24B can also be modified to include a conventional lock assembly 910 (as previously described by way of reference to the embodiment of Fig. 2) in combination with a retractable spindle arm 908. As illustrated in Fig. 27A, attachment mechanism 900 is affixed to one end of a cable 920 which has a closed loop 922 at its other end. Cable 920 is first wrapped around a relatively immovable object (not shown) and attachment mechanism 900 is passed through loop 922 and attached to the item to be protected such as external wall 950 to make it difficult to steal.

Attachment mechanism 900 is shown in its retracted position in Fig. 27B and generally includes a housing 902 and first and second, resilient engagement arms 904L and 904R which are mounted to the bottom end of housing 902 and extend outwardly therefrom. Engagement arms 904L, 904R have first and second, inwardly angled engagement portions 906L and 906R at the distal end of each of the arms which are configured so as to be easily received within slot 952 in the retracted position of spindle arm 908, as will be described in more detail hereinafter. At the other end of housing 902 from the engagement arms is a conventional cylindrical lock assembly 910, an example of which was described in detail by reference to Fig. 13B. A spindle arm 908 is adapted to be mounted to cylindrical lock assembly 910 at one end, with the opposite end of arm 908 extending between engagement arms 904L and 904R external of housing 902. Spindle arm 908 is connected to lock assembly 910 in such a manner that rotation of lock assembly 910 with an appropriate key (not shown) will cause translational movement of spindle arm 908 in the direction of arrow 930 (see Fig. 27B). This movement of arm 908 can be accomplished in any manner as is well known in the art, as for example having spindle arm 908 received within a corkscrew shaped cam attachment mounted to lock assembly 910 so that

rotation of the lock will cause corresponding translational movement of spindle arm 908.

In operation, with spindle arm 908 in the retracted position of Fig. 27B, engagement portions 906L and 906R are insertable into slot 952. Once inside of slot 952, a key can be inserted into lock assembly 910 and rotated so that spindle arm 908 will be moved in the direction of arrow 930 to its extracted position. The movement of spindle arm 930 along arrow 930 permits engagement arms 904L and 904R to flex outwards in the direction of arrow 940 so that engagement portions 906L and 906R will move outwards to engage the inner surface of slot 952. In this way, attachment mechanism 900 will be secured proximate external wall 950. To subsequently detach attachment mechanism 900 from proximate external wall 950, the appropriate key is reinserted into lock assembly 910 and rotated to retract spindle arm 908. This will cause engagement arms 904L, 904R to relax back to their natural configuration of Fig. 27B to thereby permit engagement portions 906L, 906R to be separated from slot 952.

Fig. 29 is a perspective view of an alternate preferred embodiment of the present invention. There are occasions that cables and locks are inappropriate or a certain amount of mobility for protected equipment is necessary. In those instances, using a proximity detecting system 980 can protect portable computer equipment. Proximity detecting system 980 includes a base unit 982 and a remote unit 984 relatively permanently attached to monitor 14 by use of a standardized slot 72 (as shown in Fig. 5 for example). The various embodiments shown in Figs. 1-28 provide examples of different attachment schemes for remote unit 984. Base unit 982 and remote unit 984 operate together to control a separation distance between them. There are many different ways to implement proximity detecting system 980 as well known in the art. One way provides base unit 982 with a transmitter for periodically transmitting a signal to remote unit 984.

In operation, remote unit 984 includes a receiver and a self-powered siren (not shown). Should remote unit 984 fail to receive the periodic transmission, the siren activates to

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indicate unauthorized removal of the protected equipment. Optionally, remote unit 984 includes a transmitter transmitting a unique ID code allowing base unit 982 to activate a siren and to identify a particular piece of protected equipment.

5 While several embodiments of the present invention have been illustrated by way of example, it is apparent that further embodiments could be developed within the spirit and scope of the present invention. However, it is to be expressly understood that such modifications and adaptations are within  
10 the spirit and scope of the present invention, as set forth in the following claims.

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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. Apparatus for inhibiting the theft of portable equipment having an external wall provided with a specially designed slot having preselected dimensions wherein the external wall has an inner surface, comprising:  
5 an attachment mechanism including means for attaching a flexible securing device to said attachment mechanism; means, attachable to said attachment mechanism, for  
10 engaging the slot to secure said attachment mechanism proximate the external wall; and  
a flexible securing device to be secured to an object external to the equipment and adapted to be secured to said attaching means of said attachment mechanism, wherein  
15 attachment of the equipment to said object inhibits theft of the equipment.

2. An apparatus as claimed in claim 1 wherein said flexible securing device is a cable.

3. An apparatus as claimed in claim 2 wherein said cable dead ends into and is permanently fixed to the attachment mechanism.

4. An apparatus as claimed in claim 2 wherein said attachment mechanism includes a base portion and an attachment member connected to said base portion, said attachment member having an aperture sized to permit said cable to pass through the aperture.

5. An apparatus as claimed in claim 4 wherein said attachment member is hingably connected to said base portion.

6. An apparatus as claimed in claim 5 further including a screw for engaging with an aperture in said base portion of the attachment mechanism, said slot being sized to engage with said screw, wherein said attachment member being

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directly couplable to said external wall by inserting said screw through said aperture and into said slot.

5       7. An apparatus as claimed in claim 2 wherein said attachment mechanism includes a housing having an aperture, said aperture being sized to permit said cable to pass through the aperture.

10      8. An apparatus as claimed in claim 7 wherein said engaging means includes an engagement member having peripheral dimensions, the peripheral dimensions of the engagement member conforming closely to the dimensions of the slot, said engagement member being movable between a first position in which said engagement member is insertable into said slot and a second position in which said engagement member engages said inner surface of said external wall within said slot.

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20      9. An apparatus as claimed in claim 8 wherein said engaging means further includes a spindle having a first portion rotatably mounted within said housing and a shaft fixed to the first portion and extending outwardly from the housing, said engagement member being integral with the shaft at a distal end of the shaft, so that in the first position of the engagement member said engagement member is insertable into the slot, said spindle being rotatable 90 degrees to position said engagement member in said second position so that said engagement member is misaligned with the slot and engages the inner surface of the external wall.

30      10. An apparatus as claimed in claim 9 further including means for preventing rotation of said housing when said engagement member is in said second position.

35      11. An apparatus as claimed in claim 10 wherein said means for preventing rotation includes abutment means emanating from a lower end of the housing having a cross-sectional dimension, the cross-sectional dimension of the abutment means and the shaft of the spindle in combination conforming closely

to the dimensions of the slot, said abutment means and said shaft being insertable into the slot in said first position with the engagement member aligned with the abutment means, said spindle being rotatable 90 degrees to said second position  
5 in which said engagement member is misaligned with said slot and said abutment means and the shaft occupy the slot.

12. An apparatus as claimed in claim 11 further including means for retaining said engagement member in said  
10 second position, said means for retaining said engagement member in said second position comprising a locking element including a locking mechanism integral with said first portion of the spindle and engagable with the housing, and a key adapted to selectively actuate the locking mechanism to prevent  
15 rotation of the spindle.

13. An apparatus as claimed in claim 11 further including means for retaining said engagement member in said second position, said means for retaining said engagement member in said second position comprising a transverse aperture in said housing, said first portion of said spindle including an aperture aligned with the aperture in the housing when the engagement member is in said second position, said flexible securing device adapted to extend through both the aperture in  
25 the housing and the aperture in the spindle to prevent rotation of the spindle.

14. Apparatus for inhibiting theft of portable equipment having an external wall provided with a specially  
30 designed slot having preselected dimensions wherein said external wall has an inner surface and an outer surface, comprising:

an attachment mechanism including means for attaching a flexible securing device to said attachment mechanism;  
35 means, attachable to said attachment mechanism, for engaging the slot to secure said attachment mechanism proximate the external wall, said engaging means having first and second engagement portions being movable between a first position in

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which said engagement portions are insertable within said slot and a second position in which said engagement portions engage said inner surface of said external wall proximate said slot; and

5 a flexible securing device to be secured to an object external to the equipment and adapted to be secured to said attaching means of said attachment mechanism, wherein attachment of the equipment to said object inhibits theft of the equipment.

10               15. An apparatus as claimed in claim 14 wherein said  
flexible securing device is a cable.

16. An apparatus as claimed in claim 15 wherein said  
attachment mechanism includes a housing and said attachment  
means includes a transverse aperture in said housing sized to  
permit said cable to pass therethrough to secure the housing to  
the cable.

17. An apparatus as claimed in claim 16 wherein said engaging means is integrally attached to said housing.

18. An apparatus as claimed in claim 17 wherein said engaging means is injection molded.

25               19. An apparatus as claimed in claim 17 wherein said  
engaging means is made from a resilient plastic material.

20. An apparatus as claimed in claim 17 wherein said  
engaging means further comprises a shaft integrally attached to  
a lower end of said housing and a base portion connected to  
said shaft, a length of said shaft being substantially equal to  
a thickness of the external wall, said first and second  
engagement portions comprising first and second, inwardly  
angled side walls located on opposite sides of said base  
portion, said side walls being bendable to said first position  
so that said base portion and said shaft are insertable into  
said slot, said side walls being spreadable back to said second

position so that said base portion engages said inner surface of said external wall proximate said slot and the shaft occupies the slot.

- 5           21. An apparatus as claimed in claim 16 wherein said  
housing further includes a first, open end sized to slidably  
receive said engaging means therein, said opening extending to  
a second, closed end.

10          22. An apparatus as claimed in claim 21 wherein said  
engaging means further comprises an engagement member including  
an upper portion having an aperture and first and second,  
spaced apart engagement arms connected to said upper portion,  
said first and second engagement portions being integrally  
connected to said engagement arms at a distal end of the arms,  
a length of the arms external the housing when said engagement  
member is completely received in the housing being  
substantially equal to a thickness of the external wall, said  
arms being bendable to said first position in which said  
engagement portions and said arms external said housing are  
insertable within said slot, said arms spreading out to said  
second position wherein said engagement portions engage said  
inner surface of the wall and said arms occupy the slot.

25          23. An apparatus as claimed in claim 21 wherein said  
engaging means further comprises an engagement member having  
first and second, spaced apart engagement arms connected at a  
proximal end of the engagement member and defining a cable  
clearance space between the arms sized to permit said cable to  
30 pass therethrough, said first and second engagement portions  
being integrally connected to said engagement arms at a distal  
end of the arms, a length of the arms external the housing when  
said engagement member is completely received in the housing  
being substantially equal to a thickness of the external wall,  
35 said arms being bendable to said first position in which said  
engagement portions and said arms external said housing are  
insertable within said slot, said arms spreading out to said

second position wherein said engagement portions engage said inner surface of the wall and said arms occupy the slot.

24. An apparatus as claimed in claim 22 wherein said  
5 engaging means further includes an abutment surface integral  
with said upper portion of the engagement member proximate an  
upper end of said aperture, said abutment surface engaging said  
cable when said cable is inserted through both the transverse  
aperture in the housing and the aperture in the upper portion  
10 of the engagement member with said engagement member completely  
within said housing to secure said housing to said engagement  
member.

15 25. An apparatus as claimed in claim 23 further  
including an abutment surface at the proximal end of said  
engagement member for engaging said cable when said engagement  
member is completely received within said open end of the  
housing and said cable is inserted through both the transverse  
20 aperture in the housing and the cable clearance space between  
the arms to secure said housing to said engagement member.

25 27. An apparatus as claimed in claim 16 wherein said  
housing further includes a bottom end having a threaded hole  
sized to receive a screw therethrough.

28. An apparatus as claimed in claim 27 wherein said  
engaging means further includes an engagement member having an  
upper portion including an aperture sized to allow said screw  
to pass therethrough and first and second, spaced apart  
30 engagement arms fixed to said upper portion defining a  
clearance space between the arms coupled to said aperture, a  
length of the arms being substantially equal to a thickness of  
the external wall, said first and second engagement portions  
being connected to the arms at a distal end of the arms, said  
35 engagement arms and said first and second engagement portions  
being insertable into said slot in said first position, said  
arms being spreadable to said second position upon insertion of  
said screw through said hole in the housing, said aperture in

the upper portion of the engaging means and said clearance space, wherein said engagement portions engage said inner surface of the external wall to secure the housing proximate the wall.

5

29. An apparatus as claimed in claim 15 wherein said attachment mechanism includes an attachment member having an upper portion and a base portion connected to said upper portion, said attaching means including an aperture in said upper portion sized to permit said cable to pass therethrough.

10

30. An apparatus as claimed in claim 29 further including a housing having a transverse aperture through top and bottom walls of said housing sized to permit said upper portion of said attachment member to pass therethrough, said housing further including an opening in a first end wall extending to a second, spaced apart closed end wall, said opening being sized to slidably receive said engaging means therein.

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32. An apparatus as claimed in claim 31 further including an abutment surface at a lower end of said transverse member for engaging with said first portion of the attachment member when said transverse member abuts said closed end of the 5 housing and said first portion of said attachment member is inserted through said aperture in the housing and within said clearance space to thereby secure said engagement member to the attachment member.

10 33. Apparatus for inhibiting theft of portable equipment having an external wall provided with a specially designed generally rectangular slot having preselected dimensions wherein said external wall has an inner surface, comprising:

an attachment mechanism including a housing and means for attaching a flexible securing device to said housing;

means, attachable to said housing, for engaging the slot to secure said housing proximate the external wall including an engagement member having peripheral dimensions, said engaging means being rotatable between a first position in which said engagement member is insertable within said slot and a second position in which said engagement member engages said inner surface of said external wall within said slot;

25 means for preventing rotation of said housing when said engagement member is in said second position;

means for retaining said engagement member in said second position; and

30 a flexible securing device to be secured to an object external to the equipment and adapted to be secured to said attaching means of said housing, wherein attachment of the equipment to said object inhibits theft of the equipment.

34. An apparatus as claimed in claim 33 wherein said flexible securing device is a cable.

35 35. An apparatus as claimed in claim 34 wherein said attaching means includes an aperture in said housing sized to permit said cable to pass therethrough.

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16 36. An apparatus as claimed in claim 35 wherein said  
engaging means is integrally attached to a lower portion of  
said housing.

5 37. An apparatus as claimed in claim 36 wherein said  
engaging means further comprises a shaft, said engagement  
member being integral with said shaft at a distal end of the  
shaft, a length of the shaft being substantially equal to a  
thickness of the external wall, the peripheral dimensions of  
10 the engagement member conforming closely to the internal  
dimensions of the slot so that in said first position said  
engagement member and said shaft are insertable into the slot,  
said housing being rotatable 90 degrees to position said  
engagement member in said second position wherein said  
15 engagement member is misaligned with the slot so that said  
engagement member engages the inner surface of the external  
wall and said shaft occupies a portion of said slot.

20 38. An apparatus as claimed in claim 37 wherein said  
means for preventing rotation of said housing includes a screw  
threadably engagable with a thread hole formed in a lower end  
of said housing proximate said shaft, a length of the screw  
external the housing being substantially equal to a thickness  
25 of the external wall, the cross-sectional dimensions of the  
screw external the housing and the shaft in combination closely  
conforming to the dimensions of the slot so that when the  
engagement member is in said second position, the screw is  
insertable through said housing and into the slot proximate  
30 said shaft to a position in which said screw external the  
housing and said shaft occupy said slot.

35 39. An apparatus as claimed in claim 37 wherein said  
means for retaining said engagement member in said second  
position includes a screw threadably engagable with a thread  
hole formed in a lower end of said housing proximate said  
shaft, the length of the screw external the housing being  
substantially equal to the thickness of the external wall, the  
cross-sectional dimensions of the screw external the housing

and the shaft in combination closely conforming to the dimensions of the slot so that when the engagement member is in said second position, the screw is insertable through said housing and into the slot proximate said shaft to a position in  
5 which said screw external the housing and said shaft occupy said slot.

40. An apparatus as claimed in claim 37 wherein said means for preventing rotation of said housing includes a  
10 spindle having a first portion rotatably mountable within the housing and a spindle arm fixed to the first portion and extending outwardly from the housing proximate said shaft, a length of the arm external the housing being substantially equal to the thickness of the external wall, the cross-sectional dimensions of the shaft and the arm in combination closely conforming to the dimensions of the slot so that when said engagement member is positioned in said second position, said arm is insertable into said slot to a position in which said arm and said shaft occupy said slot.

41. An apparatus as claimed in claim 40 wherein said means for retaining said engagement member in said second position includes an aperture formed through said first portion of said spindle, said spindle being rotatable within said  
25 housing to a position in which said aperture in said first portion is aligned with said aperture in the housing, said cable being adapted to extend through both said aperture in the housing and said aperture in the first portion of the spindle so that said spindle is rigidly fixed to said housing to  
30 prevent rotation of said spindle relative to said housing.

42. An apparatus as claimed in claim 35 wherein said engaging means further comprises a spindle having a first portion and a shaft fixed to the first portion, said engagement  
35 member being integral with said shaft at a distal end of the shaft, a length of the shaft being substantially equal to a thickness of the external wall, the peripheral dimensions of the engagement member conforming closely to the internal

- dimensions of the slot so that in said first position said engagement member and said shaft are insertable into the slot, said spindle being rotatable 90 degrees to position said engagement member in said second position wherein said  
5 engagement member is misaligned with the slot so that said engagement member engages the inner surface of the external wall and said shaft occupies a portion of said slot.

43. An apparatus as claimed in claim 42 wherein said  
10 means for preventing rotation of said housing includes abutment means emanating from a lower end of the housing, said housing further including a spindle opening intermediate said abutment means and extending to a closed upper end of said housing, the cross-sectional dimensions of the abutment means and the shaft of the spindle in combination closely conforming to the dimensions of the slot, said abutment means being insertable into the slot and the spindle being receivable in the opening in the housing when said engagement member is in said second position, the abutment means and the shaft of the spindle occupying the slot to prevent rotation of the housing.  
20

44. An apparatus as claimed in claim 43 wherein said means for retaining said engagement member in said second position includes an aperture formed through said first portion of the spindle, said spindle being slidably received within the opening in said housing in said second position of the engagement member so that said aperture of the first portion of the spindle is aligned with the aperture in the housing, said cable being adapted to extend through both said aperture in the housing and the aperture in the first portion of the spindle to rigidly fix said spindle to said housing to prevent rotation of said spindle relative to said housing.  
25  
30

45. An apparatus as claimed in claim 44 further  
35 including at least one spring mounted to said lower end of the housing.

46. An apparatus as claimed in claim 42 wherein said first portion of said spindle is rotatably mounted within said housing with said shaft extending outwardly from a lower end of the housing, a length of the shaft external the housing being  
5 approximately equal to a thickness of the external wall.

47. An apparatus as claimed in claim 46 wherein said means for preventing rotation of said housing includes abutment means emanating from a lower end of the housing located on  
10 opposite sides of the shaft, the cross-sectional dimension of the abutment means and the shaft of the spindle in combination conforming closely to the dimensions of the slot, the shaft and the abutment means being insertable into the slot with said engagement member aligned with the abutment means in said first position, said spindle being rotatable 90 degrees to said second position in which said engagement member is misaligned with said slot and the abutment means and the shaft occupy the slot.  
15  
20  
25

48. An apparatus as claimed in claim 47 wherein said means for retaining said engagement member in said second position includes an aperture in said first portion of said spindle, said aperture of the first portion of the spindle being aligned with the aperture in the housing in said second position of the engagement member, said cable being adapted to extend through both the aperture in the housing and the aperture in the first portion of the spindle to thereby affix said spindle to said housing to prevent rotation of said spindle relative to said housing.  
30

49. An apparatus as claimed in claim 48 further including a spring mounted to a lower portion of said spindle for engaging with said lower end of the housing.

35 50. An apparatus as claimed in claim 46 wherein said means for preventing rotation of said housing includes first and second pins mounted on opposite sides of said slot and

engagable with first and second pin holes in said lower end of said housing located on opposite sides of said shaft.

51. An apparatus as claimed in claim 50 wherein said  
5 means for retaining said engagement member in said second  
position includes an aperture formed through said first portion  
of said spindle, said aperture of the first portion of the  
spindle being aligned with the aperture in the housing when  
said engagement member is in said second position, said cable  
10 being adapted to extend through the aperture in the housing and  
the aperture in the first portion of the spindle to thereby  
affix said spindle to said housing to prevent rotation of said  
spindle relative to said housing.

15 52. An apparatus as claimed in claim 48 wherein said  
00 engaging means further includes a spring mounted to a lower end  
20 of said first portion of the spindle.

53. A method for inhibiting theft of equipment such as a personal computer including the steps of:

providing a specially designed slot having preselected dimensions in an external wall of said equipment;

providing an attachment mechanism having means for attaching a flexible securing device to said attachment mechanism;

providing means attachable to said attachment mechanism for engaging with said slot to secure said attachment mechanism proximate the external wall; and

.. attaching a flexible securing device to both said  
30 attachment mechanism and to an object external the equipment  
wherein the attachment of the flexible securing device to the  
attachment mechanism inhibits theft of the equipment.

54. An apparatus for inhibiting theft of portable equipment having an external wall provided with a specially designed generally rectangular slot having preselected dimensions wherein said external wall has an inner surface, comprising:

a base unit;

a remote unit including means for engaging the slot to secure said remote unit proximate to the external wall and including an indicator; and

5 means, electrically coupled to said base unit and to  
said remote unit, for detecting when said base unit and said  
remote unit have been moved apart from each other beyond a  
particular distance, said detecting means activating said  
indicator when said base unit and said remote unit have been  
10 moved apart beyond said particular distance.

55. The apparatus of claim 54 wherein said indicator comprises a self-powered siren.

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## COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE

**ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

An apparatus which inhibits the theft of equipment such as personal computers is disclosed. The equipment must have an external wall provided with a specially designed, approximately rectangular slot having preselected dimensions. An attachment mechanism includes a housing for a spindle having a first portion rotatable within the housing, a shaft extending outwardly from the housing, and a crossmember at the end of the shaft having peripheral dimensions closely conforming to the internal dimensions of the slot. An abutment mechanism also emanates from the housing, and is located on opposite sides of the shaft intermediate the housing and the crossmember. The peripheral cross-sectional dimensions of the abutment mechanism and the shaft in combination closely conform to the dimensions of the slot. The length of the shaft from the housing to the crossmember is approximately equal to the thickness of the external wall of equipment. The crossmember is aligned with the abutment mechanism so that the crossmember can be inserted through the slot with the shaft and the abutment mechanism occupying the slot. The spindle is then rotated 90° to misalign the crossmember with the slot, thereby attaching the attachment mechanism rigidly to the external wall. A cable is secured to the housing and to an immovable object so that the equipment cannot be stolen.

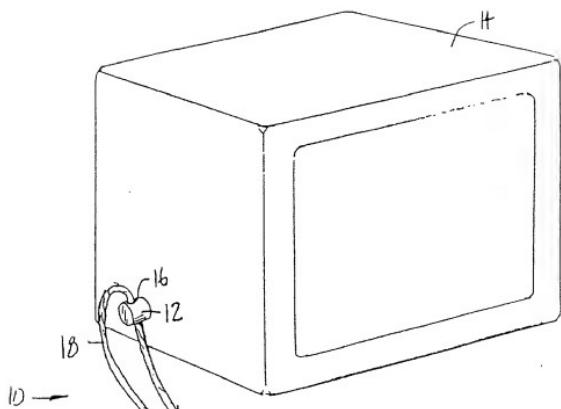


FIG. 1

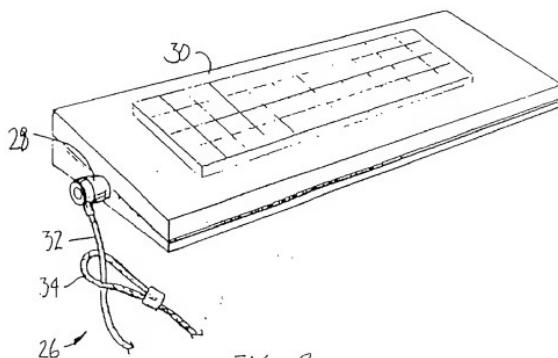
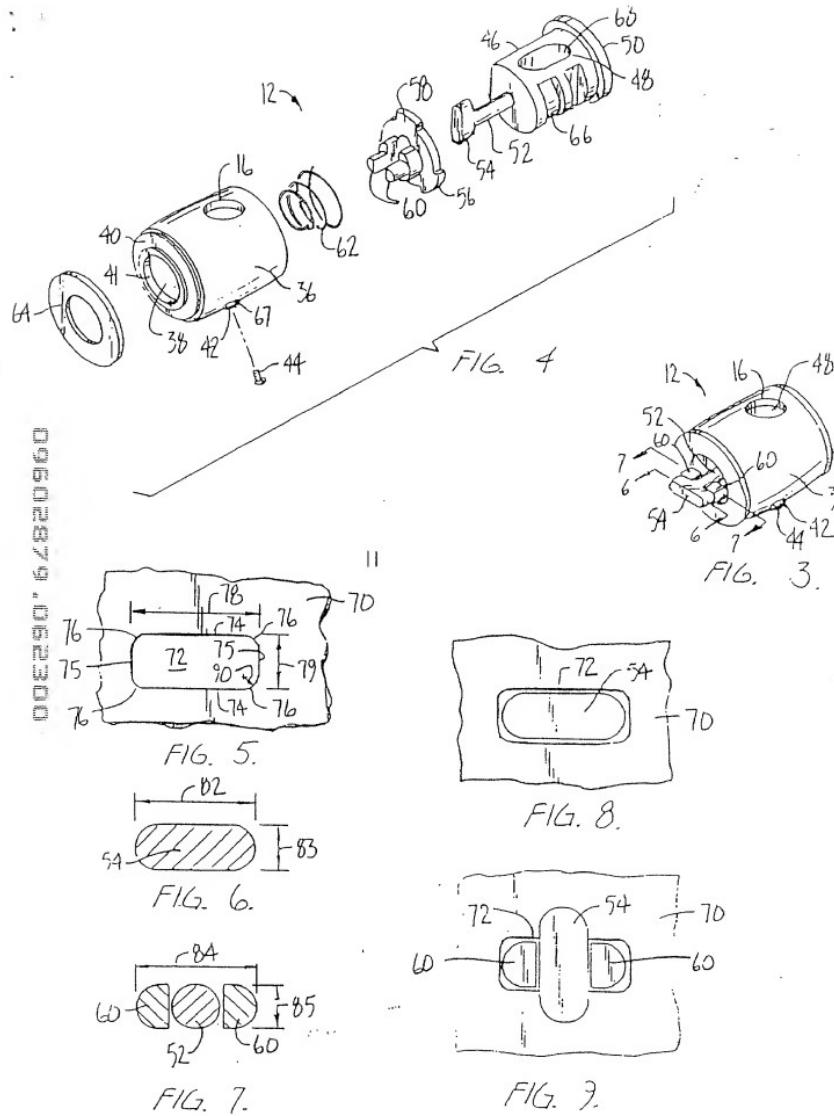


FIG. 2

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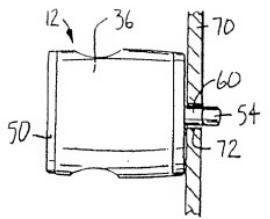


FIG. 10A.

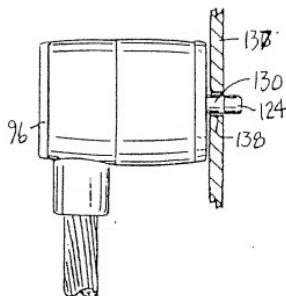


FIG. 13A.

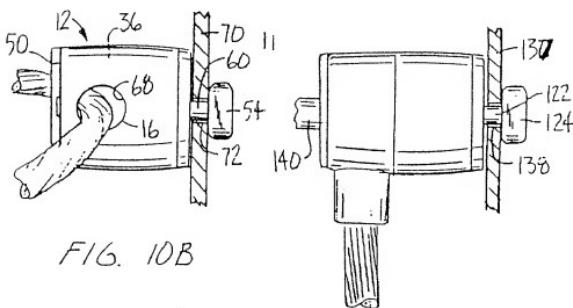


FIG. 10B

FIG. 13B.

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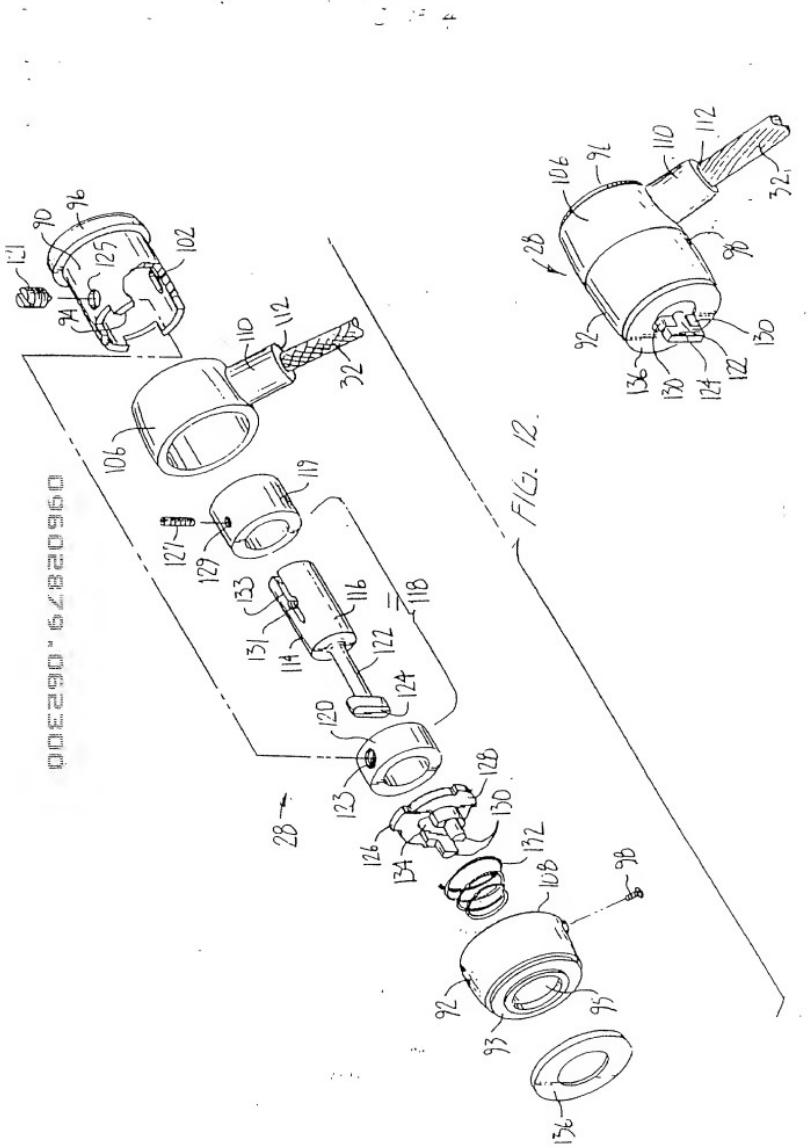


FIG. 11

FIG. 12

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FIG. 24

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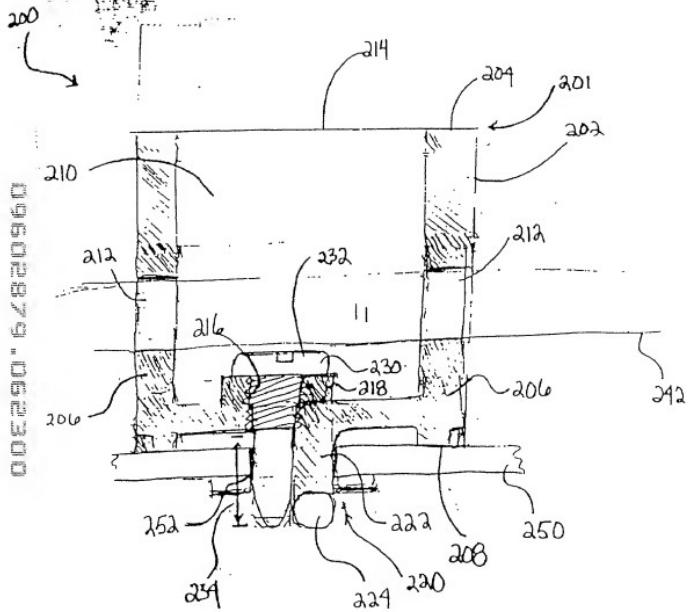
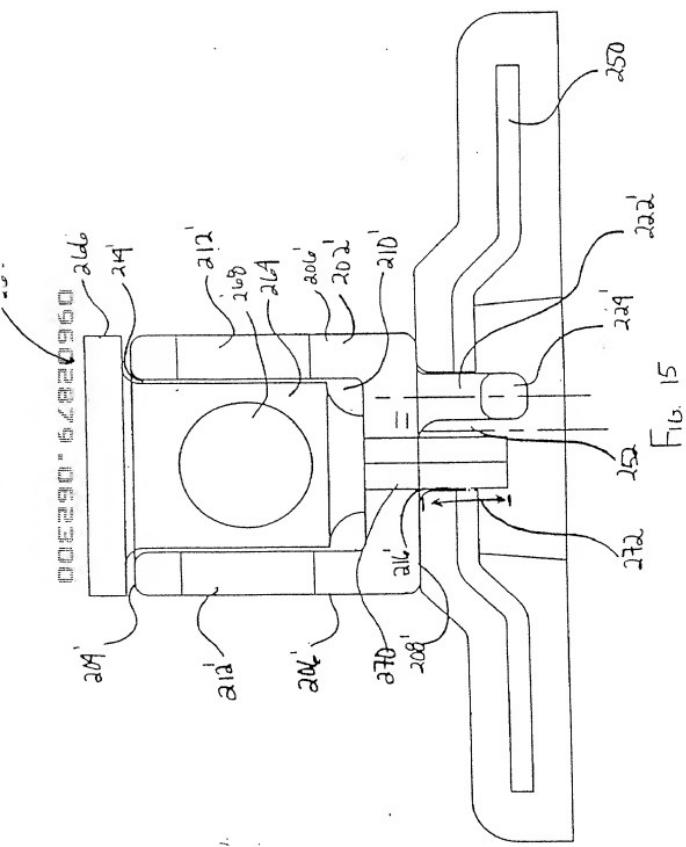


Fig. 14



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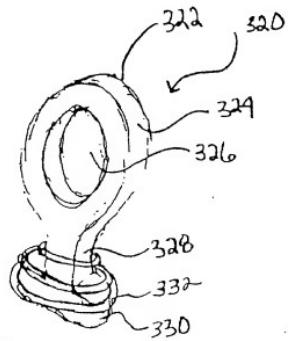


FIG. 16B

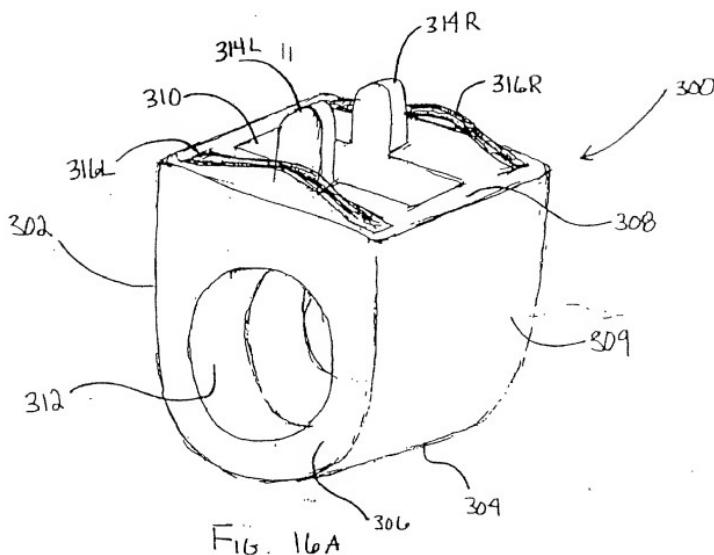


FIG. 16A

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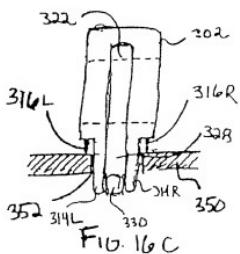
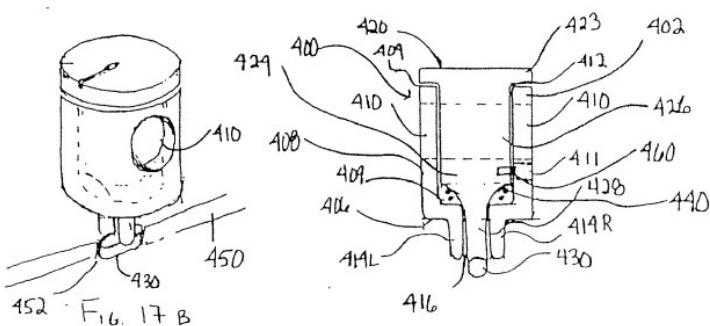


Fig. 16C



452 F<sub>1</sub>G. 17 B

FIG. 17 A

0032900 64820960

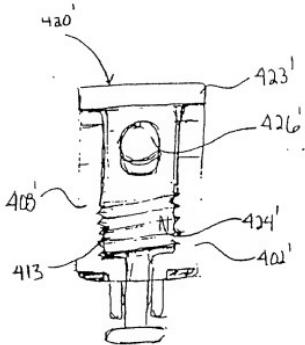


FIG 18

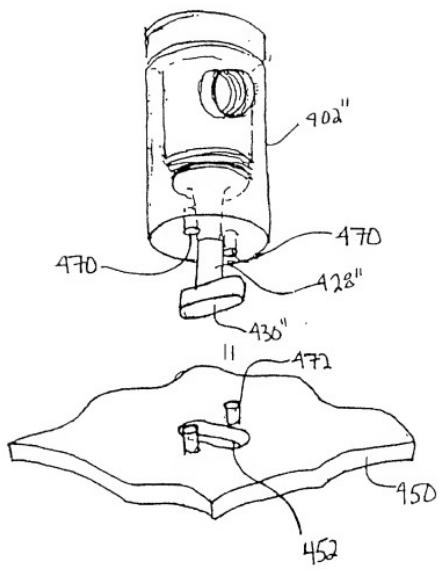


Fig. 19

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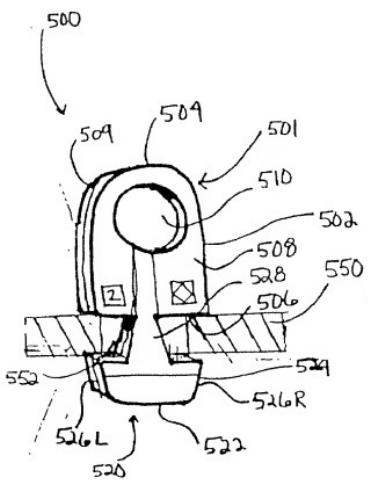
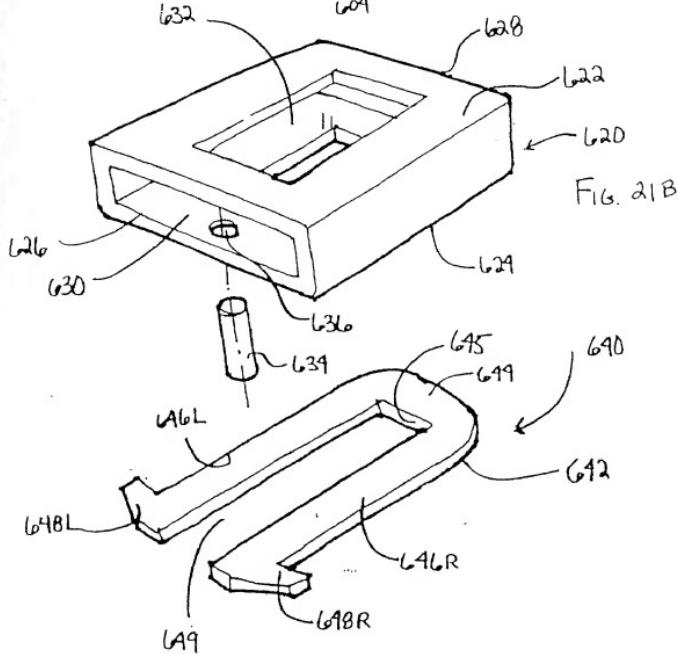
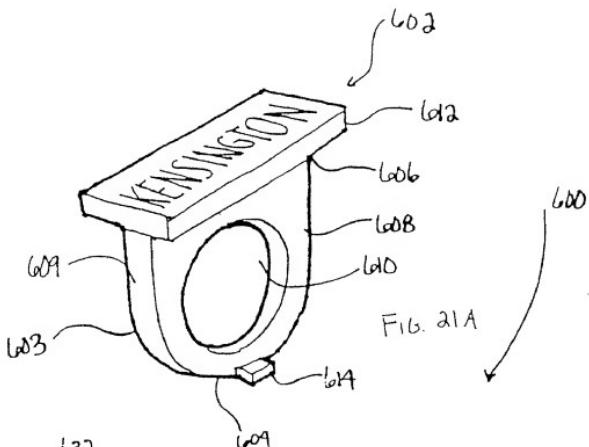


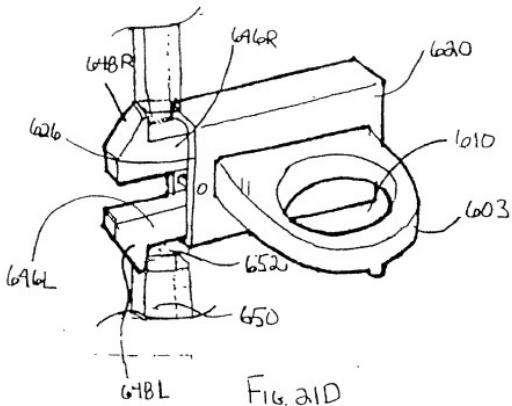
FIG. 20

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00022900 67820990

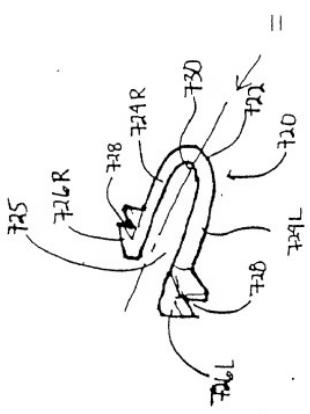


Fig. 22C

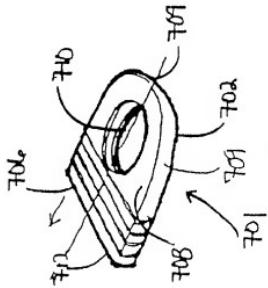


Fig. 22B

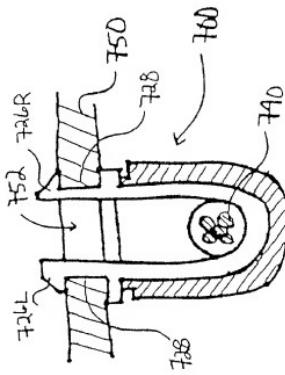
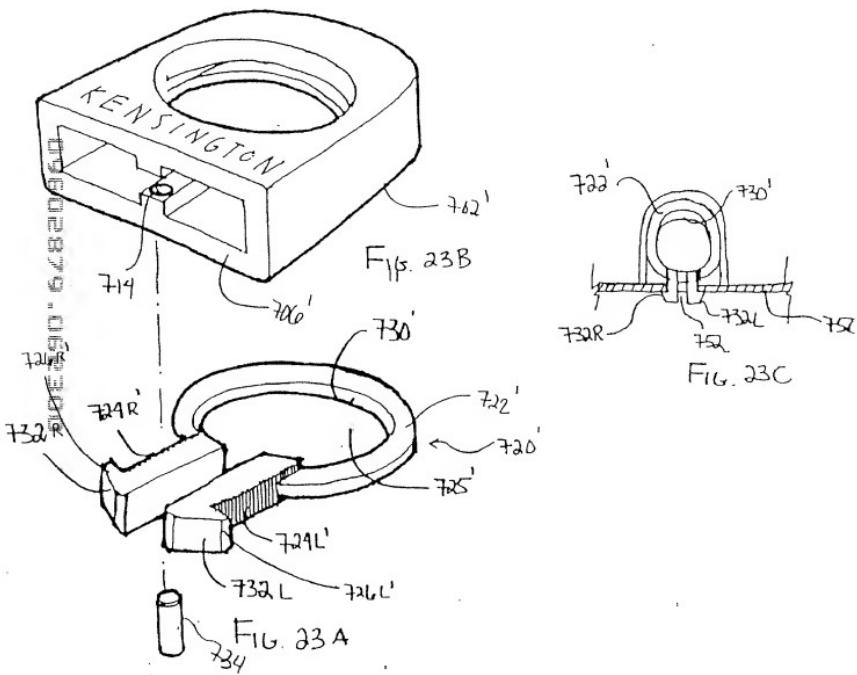


Fig. 22A



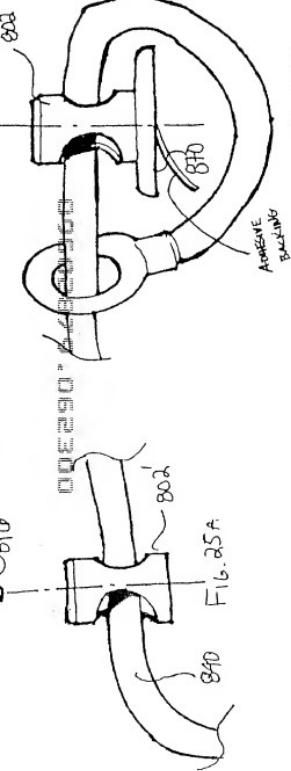
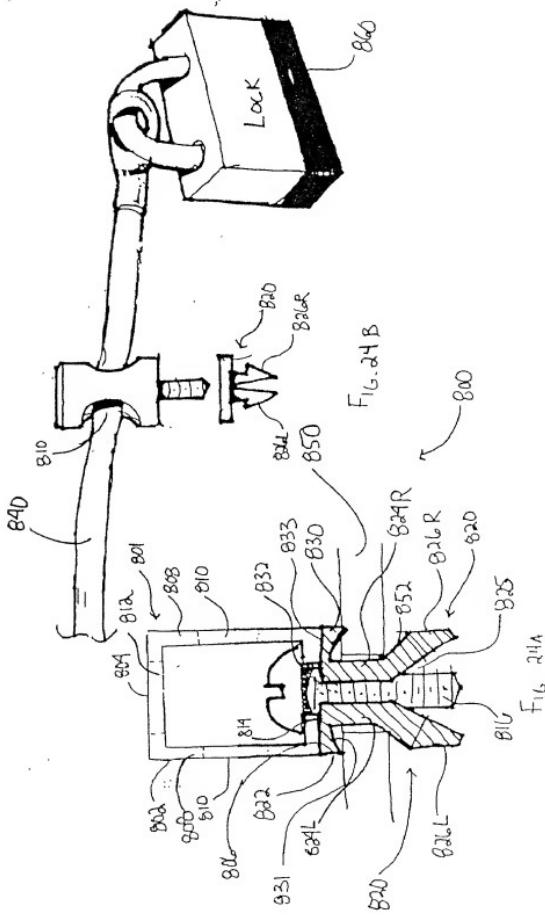


Fig. 35B



F<sub>16</sub>.24 B

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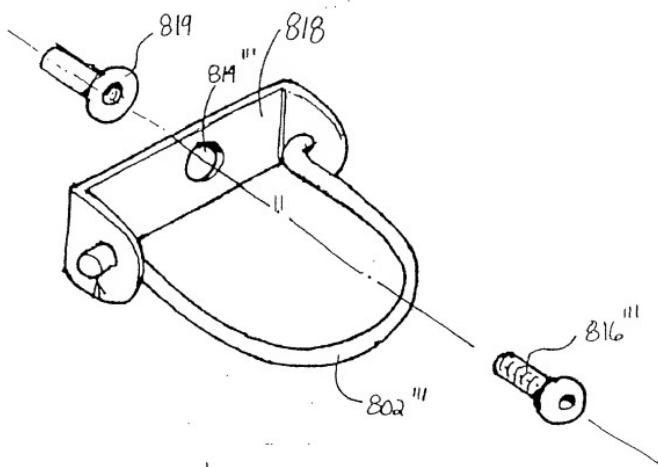


FIG. 26

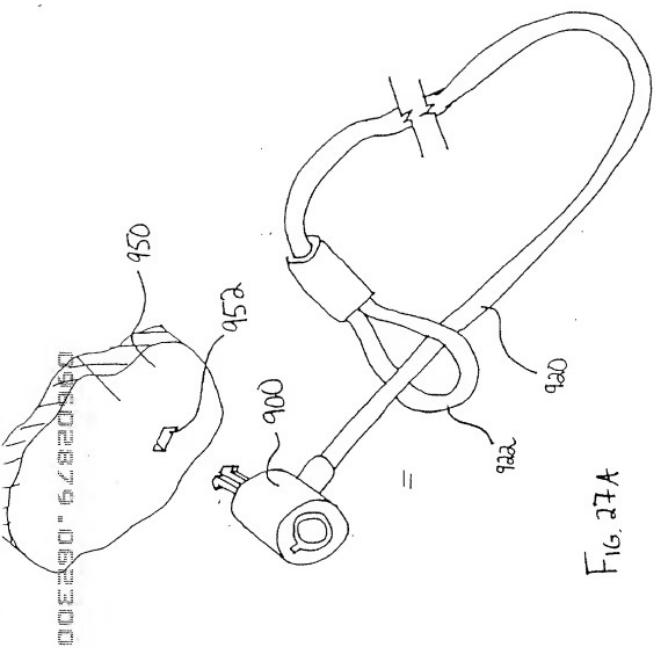


Fig. 27A

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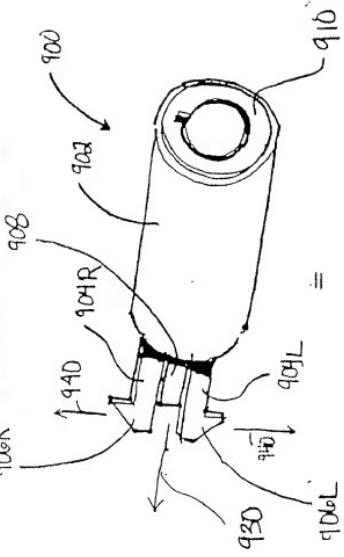
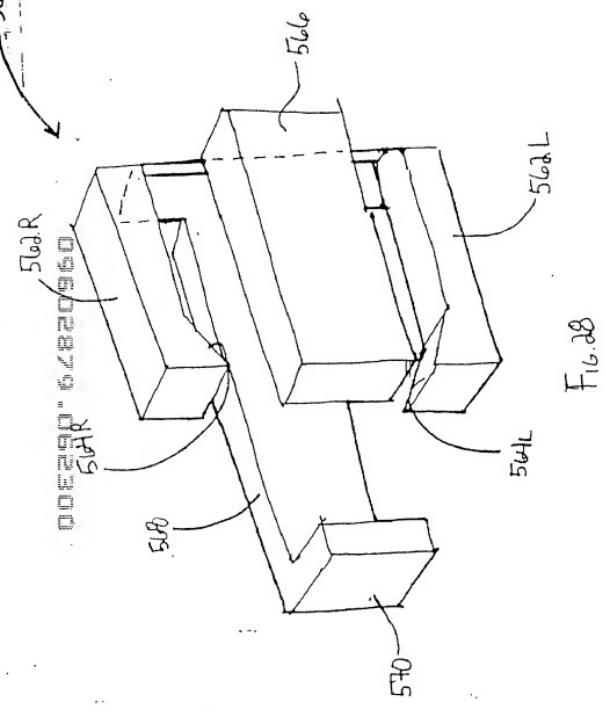


Fig. 27B



H1  
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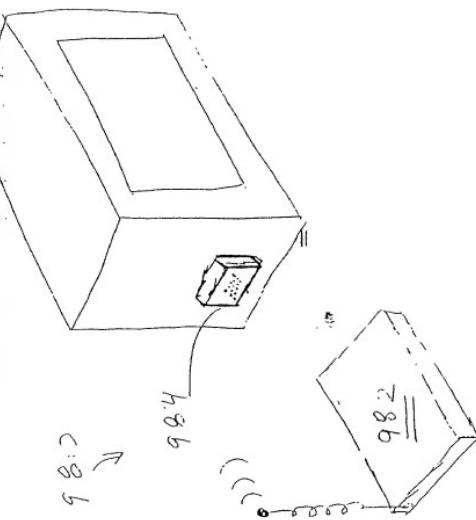


FIG - 29

## DECLARATION

As a below named inventor, I declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE the specification of which \_\_\_\_\_ is attached hereto or X was filed on October 15, 1993 as Application Serial No. 08/138,634 and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56. I claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 of any foreign applications(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

## Prior Foreign Application(s)

Country	Application No.	Date of Filing	Priority Claimed Under 35 USC 119	S. PTO JC 09/502819 06/23/00
			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	

I claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, section 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Serial No.	Date of Filing	Status		
08/042,851	April 5, 1993	Patented	X Pending	Abandoned
08/006,311	January 19, 1993	Patented	X Pending	Abandoned

Full Name of Inventor 1	Last Name MURRAY, JR.	First Name WILLIAM	Middle Name or Initial R.
Residence & Citizenship	City Redwood City	State/Foreign Country California	Country of Citizenship U.S.A.
Post Office Address	Post Office Address 437-D Cork Harbour Circle	City Redwood City	State/Country California Zip Code 94065
Full Name of Inventor 2	Last Name CARL	First Name STEWART	Middle Name or Initial R.
Residence & Citizenship	City Palo Alto	State/Foreign Country California	Country of Citizenship U.S.A.
Post Office Address	Post Office Address 533 Addison	City Palo Alto	State/Country California Zip Code 94306
Full Name of Inventor 3	Last Name ZARNOWITZ	First Name ARTHUR	Middle Name or Initial II.
Residence & Citizenship	City Burlingame	State/Foreign Country California	Country of Citizenship U.S.A.
Post Office Address	Post Office Address 1249 Capuchino Avenue, #2	City Burlingame	State/Country California Zip Code 94010

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Signature of Inventor 1	Signature of Inventor 2	Signature of Inventor 3
William R. Murray, Jr.	Stewart R. Carl	Arthur H. Zarnowitz
Date <u>12/13/93</u>	Date <u>12/13/93</u>	Date

## **DECLARATION**

As a below named inventor, I declare that:

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56. I claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 of any foreign applications(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

**Prior Foreign Application(s)**

Country	Application No.	Date of Filing	Priority Claimed Under 35 USC 119
			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
			Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>



I claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, section 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Serial No.	Date of Filing	Status		
08/042,851	April 5, 1993	<input type="checkbox"/> Patented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pending	<input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned
08/046,311	January 19, 1993	<input type="checkbox"/> Patented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pending	<input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned

Full Name of Inventor 1	Last Name <b>MURRAY, JR.</b>	First Name <b>WILLIAM</b>	Middle Name or Initial <b>R.</b>	
Residence & Citizenship	City <b>Redwood City</b>	State/Foreign Country <b>California</b>	Country of Citizenship <b>U.S.A.</b>	
Post Office Address	Post Office Address <b>437-D Cork Harbour Circle</b>	City <b>Redwood City</b>	State/Country <b>California</b>	Zip Code <b>94065</b>
Full Name of Inventor 2	Last Name <b>CARL</b>	First Name <b>STEWART</b>	Middle Name or Initial <b>R.</b>	
Residence & Citizenship	City <b>Palo Alto</b>	State/Foreign Country <b>California</b>	Country of Citizenship <b>U.S.A.</b>	
Post Office Address	Post Office Address <b>533 Addison</b>	City <b>Palo Alto</b>	State/Country <b>California</b>	Zip Code <b>94306</b>
Full Name of Inventor 3	Last Name <b>ZARNOWITZ</b>	First Name <b>ARTHUR</b>	Middle Name or Initial <b>H.</b>	
Residence & Citizenship	City <b>San Jose</b>	State/Foreign Country <b>California</b>	Country of Citizenship <b>U.S.A.</b>	
Post Office Address	Post Office Address <b>2416 Sunny Vista Drive</b>	City <b>San Jose</b>	State/Country <b>California</b>	Zip Code <b>95128</b>

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application for and patent issuing thereon.

Signature of Inventor 1	Signature of Inventor 2	Signature of Inventor 3
William R. Murray, Jr.	Stewart R. Carl	Arthur H. Zandowicz
Date	Date	Date 12/13/93

## DECLARATION

As a below named inventor, I declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name; I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled: COMPUTER PHYSICAL SECURITY DEVICE the specification of which is attached hereto or X was filed on October 15, 1993 as Application Serial No. 08/138,634 and was amended on \_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56. I claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 of any foreign applications(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

## Prior Foreign Application(s)

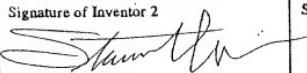
Country	Application No.	Date of Filing	Priority Claimed Under 35 USC 119
			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No _____
			<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No _____

I claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose material information as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, section 1.56 which occurred between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Application Serial No.	Date of Filing	Status		
08/042,851	April 5, 1993	<input type="checkbox"/> Patented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pending	<input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned
08/006,311	January 19, 1993	<input type="checkbox"/> Patented	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pending	<input type="checkbox"/> Abandoned

Full Name of Inventor 1	Last Name MURRAY, JR.	First Name WILLIAM	Middle Name or Initial R.
Residence & Citizenship	City Redwood City	State/Foreign Country California	Country of Citizenship U.S.A.
Post Office Address	Post Office Address 437-D Cork Harbour Circle	City Redwood City	State/Country California Zip Code 94065
Full Name of Inventor 2	Last Name CARL	First Name STEWART	Middle Name or Initial R.
Residence & Citizenship	City Palo Alto	State/Foreign Country California	Country of Citizenship U.S.A.
Post Office Address	Post Office Address 533 Addison	City Palo Alto	State/Country California Zip Code 94306
Full Name of Inventor 3	Last Name ZARNOWITZ	First Name ARTHUR	Middle Name or Initial H.
Residence & Citizenship	City Burlingame	State/Foreign Country California	Country of Citizenship U.S.A.
Post Office Address	Post Office Address 1249 Capuchino Avenue, #2	City Burlingame	State/Country California Zip Code 94010

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

Signature of Inventor 1	Signature of Inventor 2	Signature of Inventor 3
William R. Murray, Jr.		Arthur H. Zarnowitz
Date	Date 12/18/93	Date